Seasonally resolved ice core records from West Antarctica indicate a sea ice source of sea salt aerosol and a biomass burning source of ammonium

Daniel R. Pasteris\textsuperscript{1}, Joseph R. McConnell\textsuperscript{1}, Sarah B. Das\textsuperscript{2}, Alison S. Criscitiello\textsuperscript{3,2}, Matthew J. Evans\textsuperscript{4}, Olivia J. Maselli\textsuperscript{1}, Michael Sigl\textsuperscript{1}, Lawrence Layman\textsuperscript{1}

\textsuperscript{1}Division of Hydrologic Sciences, Desert Research Institute, Reno, NV, USA
\textsuperscript{2}Department of Geology and Geophysics, Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution, Woods Hole, MA, USA
\textsuperscript{3}MIT/WHOI Joint Program in Oceanography/Applied Ocean Sciences and Engineering, Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution, Woods Hole, MA, USA
\textsuperscript{4}Department of Chemistry, Wheaton College, Norton, MA, USA

Figures: 5
Figure S1. The average annual cycle (duplicated over 24 months) of hydrogen peroxide (H₂O₂) in the three ice cores from 1985–2005. The symmetric shape is interpreted to indicate that precipitation is, on average, distributed evenly throughout the year.
Figure S2. The top panel shows the time series of measured acidity (thick black line) and computed acidity (dashed red line) using Eq. 2 from the main text. The remaining panels show the individual species that contribute to the computed acidity and which appear in the average annual cycles shown in Figure 4 of the main text. The 1984–1999 time period shown here is the same as that which produced Figure 4.
Figure S3. Normalized monthly concentrations (duplicated over 24 months) of BC and NH$_4^+$ in the THW2010 (top) and PIG2010 (bottom) cores averaged from 1920–2005. The purple line shows the difference between the normalized NH$_4^+$ and BC signals, indicating the presence of a secondary peak in NH$_4^+$ during summer.
Figure S4. Average annual cycle in nitrate concentration during high accumulation years (75th – 95th percentile) at each site.
Figure S5. Overlaid time series of full (top) and detrended (bottom) composite BC and NH$_4^+$ records. The full series is correlated at $r = 0.39$ ($p < 0.0001$) and the detrended series is correlated at $r = 0.73$ ($p < 0.0001$).