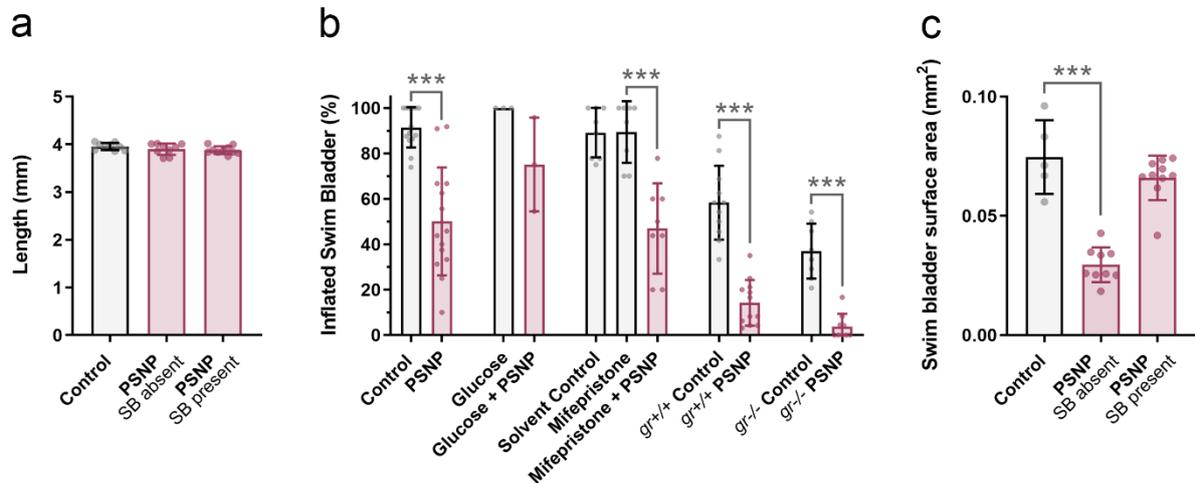
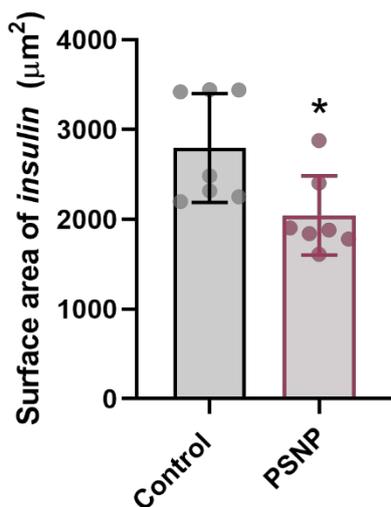


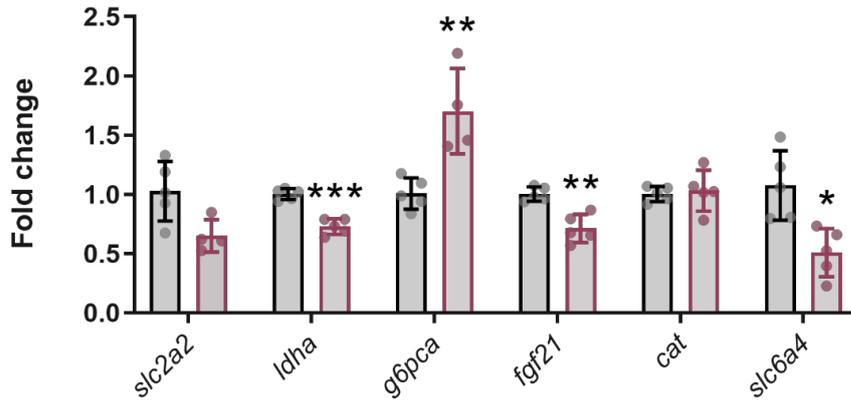
Supplementary Figures



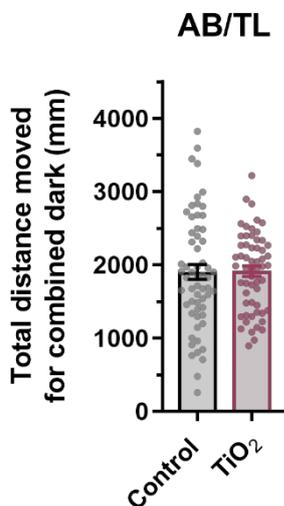
Supplementary Figure 1. Physiological endpoints in zebrafish larvae after PSNP exposure (20 mg L⁻¹) from 72 to 120 hpf. **(a)** Length of wild-type zebrafish larvae at 120 hpf ($n = 9-10$, each replicate is representing a randomly selected individual larva). **(b)** Percentage of inflated swim bladder in wild-type zebrafish larvae exposed to PSNP in pure egg water, egg water supplemented with 40 mM Glucose or RU486, and in *gr*^{-/-} and *gr*^{+/+} larvae exposed to PSNP in egg water ($n = 3-12$, with each replicate representing the Inflated Swim Bladder rate in a group of 24 larvae). **(c)** Swim bladder (SB) surface area of zebrafish larvae at 120 hpf with non-inflated SB (SB absent) and inflated swim bladder (SB present). Values are presented as mean \pm SD ($n = 9-10$, each replicate representing a randomly selected individual larva). Asterisks indicate significant differences to controls (* $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, and *** $p < 0.001$).



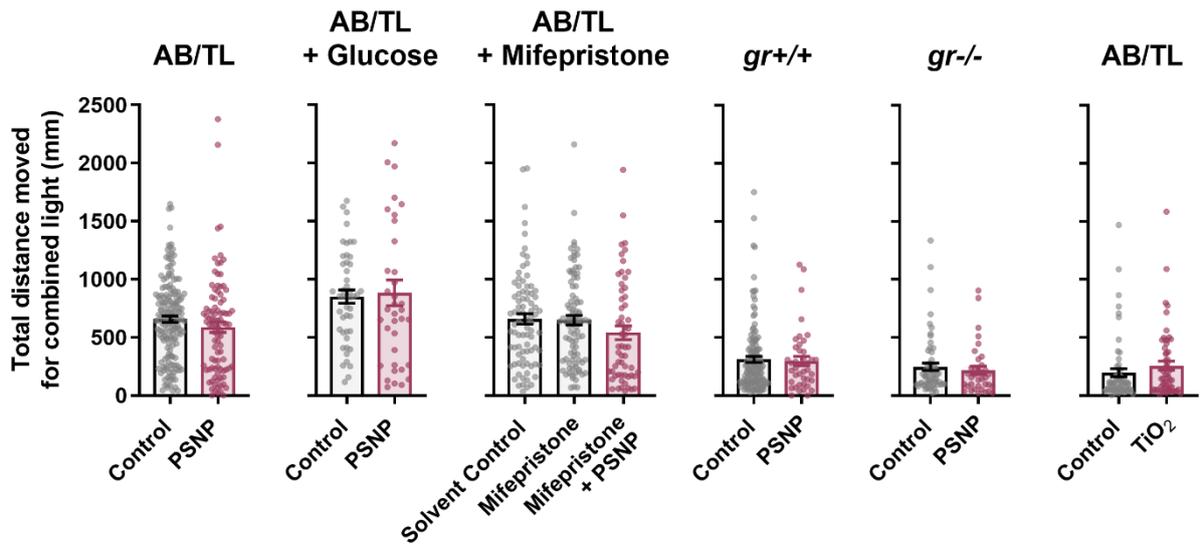
Supplementary Figure 2. Surface area of the insulin-expressing region in 5 dpf zebrafish larvae derived from *in situ* hybridisation. Values are presented as mean \pm SD ($n = 7$ each replicate representing an individual larva). Asterisks indicate significant differences to controls (* $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, and *** $p < 0.001$).



Supplementary Figure 3. Transcriptional changes of genes related to glucose metabolism (*slc2a*, *ldha*, *g6pca*, *fgf21*), oxidative stress (*cat*), and a membrane protein that transports the neurotransmitter serotonin (*slc6a4*). Values are presented as mean \pm SD ($n = 4-5$, each replicate representing a pool of 15 larvae). Asterisks indicate significant differences to controls ($*p < 0.05$, $**p < 0.01$, and $***p < 0.001$).

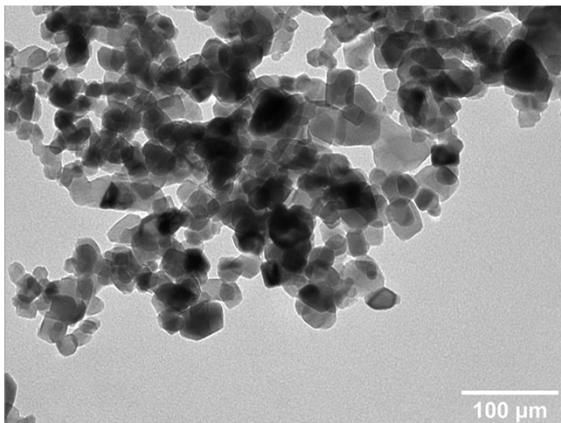


Supplementary Figure 4. Cumulative activity (mm) in the dark phase of TiO₂ exposed zebrafish larvae. TiO₂ nanoparticle (19.5 nm) were in the same size range as PSNP (25 nm) and served as particle control. Data points represent biologically independent replicates from three independent experiments and the error bar indicates the mean \pm SEM. TiO₂ exposed zebrafish exhibit an activity pattern alike the control (Control AB/TL: $n = 60$, TiO₂ AB/TL: $n = 57$).

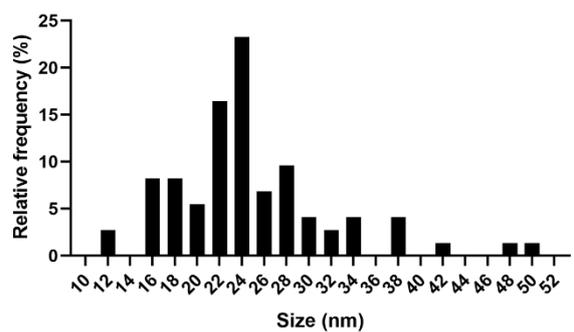


Supplementary Figure 5. Cumulative activity (mm) in all light phases (three times four minutes) tracked for individual larvae. There is no statistical difference between any of the exposure groups and the corresponding control group. Control AB/TL: $n = 165$, PSNP AB/TL: $n = 91$, Control AB/TL + Glucose: $n = 48$, PSNP AB/TL + Glucose: $n = 38$, Control AB/TL + Mifepristone: $n = 84$, PSNP AB/TL + Mifepristone: $n = 58$, Control $gr^{+/+}$: $n = 136$, PSNP $gr^{+/+}$: $n = 40$, Control $gr^{-/-}$: $n = 63$, PSNP $gr^{-/-}$: $n = 36$, Control AB/TL: $n = 60$, TiO₂ AB/TL: $n = 57$). Data points represent biologically independent replicates from at least three independent experiments and the error bar indicates the mean \pm SEM.

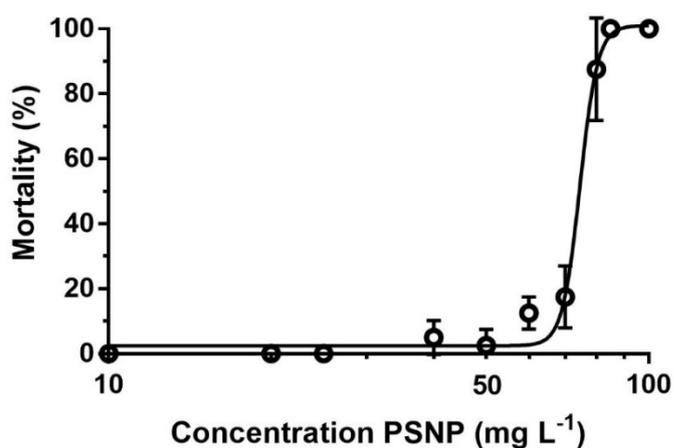
a



b



Supplementary Figure 6. Size of TiO₂ nanoparticles used in locomotion assay. **(a)** Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) image and **(b)** histogram of TiO₂ nanoparticle diameter in TEM image.



Supplementary Figure 7. Dose-response curve in zebrafish larvae after exposure to PSNP from 72 to 120 hpf. Values are presented as mean \pm SD ($N = 40$, $n = 10$, each replicate representing the mortality rate in a group of ten larvae).

Supplementary Table

Supplementary Table 1 Primer sequences used for quantitative Real-Time PCR analysis.

Target gene	Primer Sequence (5' to 3')	Accession no. ^a
<i>rpl13a</i>	Forward: AGC TCA AGA TGG CAA CAC AG Reverse: AAG TTC TTC TCG TCC TCC GA	NM_198143.1
<i>slc2a2</i>	Forward: GGG ATA CAG CTT GGG CGT CAT C Reverse: GGA CAA CAT GCC TCC GAC AGA GA	NM_001042721.1
<i>ldha</i>	Forward: TGG GTC GTT GGA GAA CAT GG Reverse: CTT GTG GAC GCT CTT CCA GT	NM_131246.1
<i>cat</i>	Forward: TAA AGG AGC AGG AGC GTT TGG CTA Reverse: TTC ACT GCG AAA CCA CGA GGA TCT	NM_130912.2
<i>fgf21</i>	Forward: CTC CGT CAA AGG CTC TCC TG Reverse: GTG CAG AGT AAT GAT GCT G	NM_001045324.1
<i>g6pca1</i>	Forward: GAG ACT GGC TGA ACC TCG TC Reverse: GAT TGA AAG CAA CGC TGT GA	NM_001003512.2
<i>slc6a4</i>	Forward: ACATCTCCTCAAAGCCCCAAA Reverse: CCACCAGAGTCCTAAATGTTCCA	NM_001039972.1

^a GeneBank accession number (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov>).