

PUBLIC

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PHILA

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A BIG 3 CENTS' WORTH.

WITH TO-MORROW'S

SUNDAY SUNDAY

INQUIRER INQUIRER

A Beautiful Portrait of

MRS. MRS.

GROVER GROVER

CLEVELAND CLEVELAND

Will be Presented as an INAUGURATION SOUVENIR.

It is printed in fifteen colors, size 9 inches by 16½ inches, and is a work of art.

The top of the picture is tastefully vignetted with a bunch of pansies, Mrs. Cleveland's favorite flower, and at the bottom a charming view of the White House and grounds, as seen from the Potomac.

It is from her latest photograph, and is the finest portrait of Mrs. Cleveland ever published.

It is positively the handsomest and most costly souvenir ever presented as a supplement to a newspaper.

To-morrow's

INQUIRER AND PICTURE

FOR 3 CENTS.

To-morrow, Sunday, March 5, is the INQUIRER'S FOURTH ANNIVERSARY under its present Progressive Management.

In commemoration of this event the SUNDAY INQUIRER will consist of

24 PAGES.

It will be the greatest Sunday newspaper ever published.

The SUNDAY INQUIRER'S report of the inauguration will, without exception, be the best and most graphically written in the country. The ceremonies attending the inauguration will be described in detail, and, in addition, will be the accounts of how the vast crowds witnessed it all, and how the Democratic clubs marched through the streets. The articles will be profusely illustrated from photographs by our staff artists.

SOME OF THE LITERARY FEATURES.

The Largest Depot in the World—An illustrated article, showing how the great Broad Street Station is being constructed.

Gossip About Famous Authors—The News of the Week Briefly Discussed by the well-known writer—Warrington.

Building Up the New Navy—Our Strength as a Naval Power Compared and Contrasted with that of First-Class Nations. By an ex-Naval Officer.

Milton and His Wife—Their Brief Honeymoon and Separation described by an English writer.

How Queen Victoria Travels—Frank Page Humphrey Describes Her Majesty's Journeys to and from Ballater to Windsor.

Sending Gold to Europe—A Description of the Manner in which it is Prepared and Shipped on Transatlantic Vessels.

A Day With Gladstone—Or the Grand Old Man's Life from the Morning at Harwarden to the Evening in Commons, with Pictures of Himself, his Home and Family and Caricatures by English Artists.

IN THE SPORTING WORLD.

Pennsylvania's Base Ball Team—Giving the probable personnel of the men who will represent the red and blue on the diamond.

Among the Cyclists—What is going on in the leading organizations of wheelmen in

Imported?

No, BUT EQUALLY AS GOOD.

"GOLD SEAL"

SPECIAL DRY CHAMPAGNE.

Quarts, \$13 00 per Case.

Pints, \$15 00 per Case.

THOS. MARTINDALE & CO.,

Tenth and Market Sts.

NEW SPRING

OVERCOATS.

Vicunas,

Worsteds,

Covert Cloths,

Cheviots,

Thibets.

Some Luxurious Garments among them. All beautiful in fit and workmanship. If you see them you will give your tailor the 'go by.' Prices from \$10 to \$30.

BROWNING, KING & CO.,

CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS,
910 AND 912 CHESTNUT STREET.

Warren A. Reed.

"HUNYADI" WATERS.

Paragraphs have recently appeared in some Newspapers here stating that a New York firm of mineral water dealers are the lessees in America of the Hunyadi Waters of Buda Pest, and respectively sole agents in the United States for the famous Hunyadi-Springs of Hungary.

These statements are absolutely false, and the intention with which they are made is obvious.

Before any Hunyadi Water was practically known in the United States, The Apollinaris Com-

pany of the Springs having entrusted to them, for a number of years still unexpired, the sole sale of this water in England and in all transmarine places. Hunyadi Janos Water having become very popular, quite a number of other Waters are now offered for sale, under names, of which the word Hunyadi forms part, and in bottles, and with labels, closely resembling in appearance and color those long used for Hunyadi Janos Water.

The word 'Hunyadi' having become a generic name for Hungarian Bitter Waters, good, bad or indifferent, The Apollinaris Company affixed to the bottles of Hunyadi Janos, the Hungarian Bitter Water, of which they have still the sole sale, a small Yellow Label with their Red Diamond, the object of this Trade Mark being only to indicate to the Public that the bottle so labelled is sold by The Apollinaris Company, Limited.

Consumers, who desire to secure the Hungarian Bitter Water sold by The Apollinaris Company, are requested to see that the bottle bears the Red Diamond and they are cautioned against such absolutely false statements as those contradicted herein.

CHARLES GRAEF & CO.,

32 Beaver street, New York.

Sole Agents in the United States and Canada of The Apollinaris Company, Ltd., London.

Columbian Souvenir Coins

of the

WORLD'S FAIR EXPOSITION,

Price, \$1. For Sale by

FRANK B. VETERLEIN,

Cigar Manufacturer,

606 CHESTNUT STREET,

LEDGER BUILDING.

Wm. A. Hents & Co.,

189 NORTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA

SOLE PROPRIETORS

STYLUS CLUB PURE RYE WHISKY.

\$5 40 to Washington, via Pennsylvania

Railroad.

Excursion tickets will be on sale at the ticket offices of the company to-day, and will be good to return until the 7th instant, inclusive. Ample train service.

THE IMPERIAL CABINET WHISKY. The leading Whisky of the day. Absolutely and entirely pure.

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CURRENT AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—"Babes in the Wood."
 ACADEMY OF THE FINE ARTS—Open daily.
 Thursdays, Germania Orchestra.
 ARCE—Howard Athenaeum Company.
 BIJOU—Vaudeville, etc.
 BROAD—E. H. Sothern in "Captain Lettarblair."
 CARNROSS'S—Minstrel Entertainment.
 CHESTNUT STREET OPERA HOUSE—Stuart Robinson in "The Henrietta."
 CHESTNUT STREET THEATRE—Marie Tempest in "The Fencing Master."
 EMPIRE—"Span of Life."
 FOREPAUGH'S—"Master and Man."
 GAILETY—Vaudeville, etc.
 GERMANIA—German Drama.
 GIRARD—"Lemons."
 LYCEUM—Vaudeville, etc.
 MUSEUM—"Cyrus," etc.
 NATIONAL—"The Outsider."
 PARK—Minnie Seligman Cutting in "My Official Wife."
 PEOPLE'S—"Country Circus."
 STANDARD—Arizona Joo.
 WALNUT—"Nobe."
 WINTER CIRCUS—Broad and Cherry streets.

Have you read

ACKER'S
GROCERY AND CANDY NEWS
 FOR SATURDAY, MARCH 4TH
3 SPECIALTIES THIS WEEK.
70c. GALLON CANS
ACKER'S EXTRA QUALITY
PURE SUGAR SYRUP,
50c.

This Week Only.

This Syrup is not only absolutely pure and free from glucose and artificial flavoring, but is also unusually fine in quality.
 Lovers of Pure Sugar Syrup of "ye olden times" will do well to order a can of this delicious Syrup at the special price.

25c.

CALIFORNIA LEMON CLING PEACHES
21c., \$2 50 doz.

The quality of these Peaches is what is known as "standard."
 The fruit is not as large as "extras" nor as carefully selected, nor is the syrup quite as heavy. The flavor of the fruit, however, is fine.
 They are quite popular.

39c.

DIPPED CREAM ENGLISH WALNUTS,
nine varieties,
29c. lb.

This Week Only.

These delicious confections are generally sold at 60c. and 50c. a pound, but we couldn't make them rarer or better if we charged \$1 00 a lb.

Have you tried

Acker's 25c. Pure "Family" Confections?
Acker's 39c. Pure "Select" Bon Bons?
Acker's 59c. Pure "Superfine" Bon Bons?

The advantage of purchasing the purest and best Confections direct from the manufacturer, and at popular prices, is being appreciated by a constantly increasing number of patrons.

4 Popular Specialties.
 ACKER'S DRY-ROAST COFFEES.
 ACKER'S 50c. PURE TEAS.
 ACKER'S 25, 39 AND 59c. BON BONS.
 ACKER'S HYGIEA FLOUR.

Send for complete Price List.
 Open Saturday Evening until 9.30.

FINLEY ACKER & CO.,

121 and 123 North Eighth street.

Order by postal if you can't call.

A PERFECT HOME LIFE.

WAYNE is a home place whose

in the leading organizations of wheelmen in this city.
Pointers About Puffblats—Gossip about the Big Carnival in New Orleans. The Fitzsimmons-Hall Battle.
The National Game—Base Ball Magazines making extensive arrangements for the coming season. Strong teams in the East.
Notes About Amateur Clubs—The coming season a prosperous one for the young players.
The College Athletic Difficulty—What has resulted through Yale and Princeton drawing the undergraduate line.

THE WOMAN'S PAGE

Never surpassed in this city.
 Some of the features.
The 400 in Lent.
Hoopskirts on the Stage.
Wraps in the Crinoline Style.
Novelties for Housekeepers.
Spring Gowns in Paris.
Ornaments for the Hair.
Exercises for a Tired Back.
The French Idea of Corsets.
Mrs. Langtry as a Sailor.

A PAGE FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

Leads All Others. Written in Brilliant Vern.
John Burroughs and the Birds—In this Paper the Eminent Naturalist will tell how he studies their habits and life.
The Orator of the Philos—A story for Boys. By RUTH PARSONCOT. One which will interest them all.
Painting a Great Naval Picture—Story of a Professional Safe Opener.
 All to conclude with the Thrilling Stories,

DEAD MAN'S KLOOF AND DAVID BALFOUR.

REMEMBER, THE PICTURE AND PAPER FOR 3 CENTS.

The demand for the **SUNDAY INQUIRER** will be immense. As the edition is limited to one hundred thousand copies order in advance from your newsdealer as early as possible.
 Copies of this superb portrait will sell for one dollar as soon as the supply on the newsstand is exhausted.
 Everyone will want the picture of **Mrs. GROVER CLEVELAND.**

White, Hentz & Co.,
 Nos. 222 and 224 NORTH SECOND STREET,
 PHILADELPHIA,
 ARE SOLE PROPRIETORS OF
TRIMBLE WHISKIES.

GROVER CLUB
 PURE RYE WHISKY,
Boyle & McGlinn,
 Sole Proprietors,
 145 and 147 South Second street.

Grateful—Comforting.
EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.
 "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by grocers, labeled thus: James Epps & Co., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

Established 1837.
 Consult your physician as to the purity of the **BALILEY'S PURE RYE** when a stimulant is needed.
HUEY & CHRIST,
 1207 Market street.

TRIMBLE WHISKIES have maintained their popularity over half a century.

PINE RYE WHISKIES,
 \$3 to \$6 per gallon; 75c. to \$1.00 full quart bottle. Brandies, Wines, Gins, &c.
JOHN MCGLINN'S SONS,
 Open till 9 P. M. 1823 Market street.

DESKS AT REDUCED PRICES.
 Largest stock in Philadelphia, 924 Arch st. (south side).
JOSEPH L. SHOEMAKER & CO.,
 Successors to GHO, SPENCER & CO.

Oldest V. P. M. Whisky.
 Best in the world for Medicinal Use.
 \$1 25 per Bottle; \$5 per gallon.
ALEX. YOUNG CO., Limited,
 700 Passyunk avenue (opposite Monroe street).

**Our Mountain Dew Whisky is unequalled for the money, \$1 25 per qt., \$4 50 per gal., and our "A," 75c. qt. bottle. "Finest on earth."
A. MERINO & CO.,
 184 and 186 Market street. Telephone 940.**

Absolutely and entirely pure.
 \$5 per gallon, \$1 25 the bottle.
HENRY VAN BEEL & CO.,
 1310 Chestnut street.
 And all Wine Merchants.
COOK & BROTHER,
 HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR,
 49, 51 and 53 North Eighth street.

LEDGER AND TRANSCRIPT

Philadelphia, Saturday, March 4, 1893.

THE LATEST NEWS.

At 10 o'clock this morning President elect Cleveland will proceed to the White House, and at the hour designated for moving to the Capitol will leave the Executive Mansion in company with President Harrison, and under the immediate escort of the Senate Committee on Arrangements. The military escort will consist of the troops of the regular army and the Marine Corps. The ceremonies will take place in front of the East portico of the Capitol, on a platform capable of accommodating about 1500 persons. Upon concluding his inaugural address the President and ex-President will be escorted to their carriage, the positions of the two men being reversed by the brief ceremonies which will convert Mr. Cleveland into the President of the United States and Mr. Harrison into an ex-President. The Presidential carriage being in position in the line, the procession will be formed for the march to the White House. This is the real inaugural procession, and will be participated in by all the organized bodies in Washington for that purpose. It is estimated that at least 40,000 men will be in line. The National Guard of Pennsylvania will form the second division of the first grand division. Governor Pattison will ride at the head of the division, followed by his staff, in full uniform. The carriage of the President will leave the procession at Fifteenth street, driving to the White House by the rear of the Treasury Building. Upon reaching the portico of the White House ex-President Harrison will leave the President and proceed to the Pennsylvania Railroad Station, where a special train for Indianapolis will be found awaiting him. President Cleveland, after taking leave of the ex-President, will proceed directly to the reviewing stand, from which he will review the procession. The march past the reviewing stand will begin about 2 o'clock, and will occupy at least four hours.

The last meeting of President Harrison's Cabinet was held yesterday, all the members being present. At the conclusion of half an hour's conference the President, in a brief speech, thanked them for their loyalty and personal good will. "He then shook hands with each in turn, and, in a voice which betrayed emotion, bade them good-bye."

Congressional.

In the United States Senate yesterday the Conference report on the Legislative Appropriation bill was agreed to. The House joint resolution as to the payment of clerk hire for members was passed. The Conference report on the Post-office Appropriation bill was then presented and agreed to, as was also the report on the Agricultural bill and the Naval bill. Thirty-five House bills on the calendar were then passed, including the bill to continue the duties of 35 per cent. on linen containing 100 threads per square inch (the rate now approved by law), with an amendment making it take effect in 1895 instead of 1894. The McGarrahan bill was then taken up, but before being disposed of the Senate took a recess until 8 o'clock. After the recess

country living. The design of this town-building was *not* done, and no *needful* thing has been omitted in the long years of its prosperity. Here you will find a community of *desirable* people, in a place in *every* way suitable for you and your family.

FOR COUNTRY HOMES HAVE PURE WATER, UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE, ELECTRIC LIGHT AND STEAM HEAT.

There is no other suburban town around Philadelphia which possesses all these high-class improvements.

An illustrated book is sent on application to
St. David's P. O., WENDELL & SMITH,
Delaware Co., Pa., "Home Builders,"
Main Line P. R. R., Wayne and St. David's.

When baby was sick, We gave her Castoria.
When she was a child, She cried for Castoria.
When she became a miss, She clung to Castoria.
When she had children, She gave them Castoria.

A Remarkable Statement of Facts from a Reliable Source.

FRANKLINVILLE, N. J.—To the Public: My name is Edward Jones, better known as "Judge Jones." I have been in business and public life for thirty years; for many years past I have been a great sufferer from some ailment of the stomach; my sufferings at times were such that I had to be put under the influence of morphine for days at a time; I spent time and money in efforts to get well; eminent physicians treated me, but were unable even to tell me what my trouble was. Some one told me of L. P. Kunkel, the "Great Worm Destroyer," who could tell people at a glance and without asking questions what ailed them; I went to him; in a few minutes he described my symptoms; these symptoms were heaviness of the head, with constant weight and oppression, bad taste in the mouth, rifting and raising of wind. The cause of the trouble was malaria of long standing; he described my feelings so fully that I had confidence in him immediately and bought a half dozen boxes of his Malaria Powders. After taking two or three boxes I began to feel a marvelous change; the powders acted like a charm; I had no more bad spells; I went back and secured another half dozen, and am sure they did completely cure me. I just think that the half dozen Malaria Powders have been of more value to me than one thousand dollars' worth of other treatment—and I want the public to know this, that other sufferers may be cured also. His advice is free and his office is No. 259 North Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. My name, Edward Jones, Franklinville, Gloucester county, N. J. Go see, without fail and be convinced.

By trifling with a Cold, many a one allows himself to drift into a condition favorable to the development of some latent disease, which thereafter takes full possession of the system. Better cure your Cold at once with Dr. D. Jayne's Expecto-rant a good remedy for Throat-ails and Lung affections.

"The Best Pill I ever used," is the frequent remark of purchasers of Carter's Little Liver Pills. When you try them you will say the same.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wild colic. 25c. a bottle.

Do not Cry when in Pain. A Sure Remedy will be found in that excellent and popular Remedy, Bower's Infant Cordial. It costs but 25c.

Offices of the... return until the 7th inst... service.

1617. Devereux & Co., Ridge ave. 1617. 2302. Devereux & Co., N. Front st. 2302. ONE PRICE HATS. Style, price and quality to suit all. Best for the money guaranteed.

Agent wanted by Firm of Jute Spinners in Dundee, Scotland, for sale of Jute Yarns and Twines in United States. Apply, stating experience, rate of commission, &c., No. 78, Kenny & Co., Advertising Agents, Edinburgh, Scotland.

Our Dollar Shirt.

The best in all respects; 5 lengths of sleeves. MANN & DILKS, 29 and 31 South Eighth street.

J. A. Shaw, Packer and Curer of Sugar-cured Hams, Beef Tongues, Dried Beef, etc. 1200 to 1210, Terminal Market.

For Tickling in the Throat, Hoarseness or loss of voice, use Swiss Lozenges. Sold by druggists, 25c. WENDEL, Third and George streets.

For Throat Diseases and Coughs, use Brown's Bronchial Troches, 25 cents a box.

\$3 00 Per Gallon, 75c. THE QUART BOTTLE, or an absolutely pure

EYE WHISKY.

The best in the world for the money. HENRY VAN BELL & CO., 1310 Chestnut street.

If you wish to do the easiest and quickest week's washing you ever did, try Dobbins' Electric Soap next washday. Follow the directions. Ask your grocer for it. Been on the market 24 years. Take no other.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Saturday.

WASHINGTON, 8 P. M., March 3.—Forecast for Saturday. For Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, increasing cloudiness and snow or rain; colder Saturday night; north winds.

For District of Columbia, Maryland and Virginia, rain or snow in the morning, probably clearing during the day; north winds; much colder by evening and a cold wave during the night; temperature will fall below freezing by 8 A. M. Sunday.

Local Weather Report.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, N. W. corner Ninth and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia, Friday, March 3, 1893:

Time.	Baro- meter.	Ther- mometer.	Relative Humidity.	Wind.		Rain.	State of Weather.
				Dir.	Vel.		
8 A. M.	29.90	33	60	N. E.	9	.60	Cloudy.
8 P. M.	29.70	35	80	N.	6	.00	Clear.

Max. tem. (4.15 P. M.) 42; Min. tem. (7.45 A. M.) 32
Mean temperature 37; Normal temperature. 37
Hours of sunshine. 1.2

March 3, departure from the normal for the day, 0.
March 3, excess of temperature since March 1, 2.
March 3, deficiency of temperature since Jan. 1, 318.
March 3, deficiency of rainfall since March 1, 26.
March 3, excess of rainfall since Jan. 1, 37.

BEFORE you kill yourself trying to accumulate wealth, go and ask a millionaire how much money it takes to make a man rich.—
Ram's Horn.

Senate amendments to the General Deficiency Appropriation bill. The motion was agreed to and the bill was sent to conference. Mr. Holman submitted the disagreement conference report on his Sundry Civil Appropriation bill, and the report was agreed to. Mr. Durborow moved that the House recede from its disagreement to the Senate amendment providing for the Government exhibit at the World's Fair. The motion was lost—yeas, 123; nays, 141. Pending further action the Conference reports on the Naval, Agricultural and Post-office Appropriation bills were agreed to. Consideration of Senate amendments to the Sundry Civil bill was then resumed. The World's Fair amendments were disagreed to, and the bill was again sent to Conference. The House then took a recess until 8 o'clock.

The condition of the appropriation bills last night was said to be satisfactory. All of them had been agreed upon in conference and adopted by both Houses save the Deficiency, Sundry Civil and the Indian bill. The first two named contain a number of items upon which the conferees have so far been unable to agree, and will cause some further contention in the House, notably the World's Fair appropriations on the Sundry Civil bill. The proposed purchase of the Cherokee Outlet, engrafted on the Indian bill and agreed upon in conference, will also meet with some resistance in the House, but the outlook is for a settlement of all differences in ample time to-day.

The Senate, in executive session yesterday, confirmed Truxton Beale, of California, to be Minister and Consul General to Roumania, Servia and Greece.

The Chandler Immigration and Contract Labor bill and the Car Coupler bill were signed by President Harrison yesterday.

Representative Springer has prepared for submission to the Ways and Means Committee a report of the recent investigation of the condition of the Treasury. The report reaches the conclusion that a deficiency is likely to occur during the present fiscal year, and also during the next fiscal year, unless the revenues increase beyond expectation.

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PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY

The conference on the Indian Appropriation bill yesterday reached an agreement, adopting what is known as the Platt amendment on the ratification of the Cherokee strip purchase. The treaty is to be modified, and \$595,000 to be paid at once, and \$8,000,000 in five equal, annual payments.

Personal.

Judge Gresham said good-bye to his friends in the Government Building at Chicago yesterday. He made a tour of all the offices and shook hands with the various officials. "The Judge will go at once to Washington and return about the end of next week to finish some court matters that yet need attention."

Mr. Justice Jackson, of the United States Supreme Court, and his brother, General Jackson, were among the callers upon President Harrison yesterday.

It is believed in Indianapolis by friends of ex-Governor Gray that he will be appointed by Mr. Cleveland Minister to Mexico.

The Hawaiian Princess Kaiulani, accompanied by her guardian, left New York yesterday for Boston. She will go to Washington on Tuesday next.

Legislative.

Both Houses of the Washington Legislature have passed a bill making it unlawful in that State to manufacture, buy, sell or give away, or to have in one's possession, cigarettes or cigarette papers.

The Manitoba Legislature on Thursday rejected by a vote of 28 to 11 a motion looking to the full enfranchisement of women.

The Arkansas Senate yesterday passed the House bill for the con-

and the Gordon Pump Company, of Hamilton, have agreed upon a consolidation, under the name of the Laidlaw-Dunn-Gordon Company. Its capital stock will be \$700,000, and the consolidated company will, at a very early date, begin the erection in Cincinnati or its immediate vicinity of one of the largest pump and hydraulic works in the United States.

The twelve principal flouring mills of Utah are to be consolidated, a new company being in process of organization with a capital of \$1,000,000.

The stockholders of the assigned Youngstown Stamping Company have decided to continue the business, provided a settlement can be arranged for with the creditors.

Judicial.

Judge Coxe, in the United States Circuit Court at Elmira, New York, yesterday decided a test case brought by the National Harrow Company against a patron of the Clipper Chilled Plow Company, of Elmira, for alleged infringement of patent, in favor of the defendant.

An opinion has been handed down by Judge McPherson at Harrisburg in the case of the Commonwealth against William B. Conway, Register and Recorder of Westmoreland county. He decides that Conway can receive pay for only one office. The suit is the outgrowth of Conway's appeal from a settlement on account of fees.

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FOR THE SECOND TERM

PREPARATIONS FOR THE INAUGURATION OF GROVER CLEVELAND.

THE PROPHETS PROMISE FAIR AND PLEASANT WEATHER.

THE DEMONSTRATION EXPECTED TO BE THE LARGEST AND MOST IMPOSING

THAT HAS EVER BEEN WITNESSED ON SIMILAR OCCASIONS.

DECORATIONS ON PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE VERY ELABORATE.

DETAILS OF THE PROGRAMME TO BE CARRIED OUT AT THE CAPITOL.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND WILL REVIEW THE PROCESSION.

MILITARY ORGANIZATIONS AND POLITICAL CLUBS IN THE CITY.

PENNSYLVANIA TROOPS AT THE MARKED ATTENTION.

WORDS OF PRAISE FROM OFFICERS IN THE REGULAR ARMY.

POLITICAL CLUBS FROM THE KEYSTONE STATE.

COURTESIES BETWEEN THE PRESIDENT AND PRESIDENT-ELECT.

MR. AND MRS. CLEVELAND DINE WITH PRESIDENT HARRISON.

VISITING GOVERNORS AND PROMINENT POLITICIANS.

[SPECIAL TO THE PUBLIC LEDGER.]
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 3.
The preparations for the inauguration of Grover Cleveland, who will be the twenty-sixth President of the United States, are completed, and simply await the arrival of the designated hour to be carried out. If the meteorological conditions are as favorable as they were eight years ago upon the inauguration of Mr. Cleveland, the demonstration of to-morrow will be the largest and most imposing that has ever been witnessed in connection with similar ceremonies. The

Commonwealth against W. B. Conway, Register and Recorder of St. Mary's county. He decides on way can receive pay for only one. The suit is the outgrowth of an appeal from a settlement on account of fees.

Industrial.

Bunker Hill and Sullivan mines at near, Idaho, probably the greatest lead property in the world, closed Wednesday night indefinitely. The assigned is the high railroad tariff.

It is rumored that other Cour properties will also shut down.

switchmen employed on the Union Railway have applied to General Dickinson, at Omaha, for an increase in wages, on the ground that the tools and tools on the Southern are imperfect and the cause of accidents, so that while they make \$5 to \$100 per month, they are compelled to pay out a large share of it to insurance companies, to which all men belong. Their rates are very low because 40 per cent. of the switchmen with accidents.

Compositors employed on the Fort Worth (Texas) Evening Mail struck on Monday night because of the employment of non-union pressmen in the lithography department. The company's refusal to employ non-union men.

—Trouble is impending between the Ann Arbor and Northern Michigan Railroad Company and its engineers, because of a wage question.

—The action of Dr. Bennett Sustained by the Hospital Board and the Board of Charities.

[SPECIAL TO THE PUBLIC LEDGER.]

At the meeting of the Board of Charities, Dr. Bennett Sustained by the Hospital Board and the Board of Charities.

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Miscellaneous.

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Nineteen women... were arrested last... a further hearing on... g disorderly houses... green Callowhill and...

Buttonwood.

SURGICAL TREATMENT FOR INSANITY

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Miscellaneous.

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were arrested last... a further hearing on... g disorderly houses... green Callowhill and...

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the designated hour to be carried out. If all the meteorological conditions are favorable as they were eight years ago upon the inauguration of Mr. Cleveland, the demonstration of to-morrow will be the largest and most imposing that has ever been witnessed in connection with similar ceremonies. The decorations of Pennsylvania avenue are very elaborate, and many of them are tasteful and artistic. From the Peace Monument, in front of the West Capitol Park, to the Washington statue at Georgetown, which distance marks the route of the procession, Pennsylvania avenue is flanked by temporary sheds and stands with a capacity for the accommodation of about 100,000 people. On some of these stands seats are commanding a high premium, \$20 being offered for good places on that fronting the White House. The city is crowded to a greater degree than during the Grand Army Encampment last summer, although there are not so many persons in the city as were here upon that occasion. The erection of large barracks for the accommodation of the veterans made it possible to take care of the vast crowd which was brought to Washington upon that occasion without overcrowding the principal hotels.

The programme to be carried out. The programme for to-morrow's ceremonies does not differ from that observed upon similar occasions during the last 30 years. At 10 o'clock the President-elect will proceed to the White House and at the hour designated for moving to the Capitol will leave the Executive Mansion in company with the President, and under the immediate escort of the Senate Committee on Arrangements. The military escort will consist of the troops of the regular army and the Marine Corps which will be formed in Pennsylvania

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Three Lake Shore and Southern freight trains collided at Warrens, near Laporte, Indiana, Wednesday night. The wreck took fire and about \$50,000 worth of property was destroyed.

Criminal.

It was learned in Pittsburg yesterday that "one day this week, when business was quiet in the Criminal Court, Gallagher and Davidson, indicted on the charge of having conspired to poison non-union men at Homestead, came into court and pleaded guilty."

After three years the indictments charging William M. Sistare, the head of the once well-known New York banking house of George K. Sistare's Sons, with grand larceny in misappropriating to the use of the firm the stocks and bonds of Aug. Hecksher, of Philadelphia, were dismissed by Judge Cowing in New York yesterday.

Colonel W. B. Hayes, convicted in New York of perjury, was yesterday sentenced to eight years' imprisonment.

Gamblers at Columbus, Indiana, whose operations were stopped, are said to have instigated proceedings before the Grand Jury for the indictment of "the society leaders" of the city for playing progres-

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United States, Judges of the Court of Claims and of the Supreme Court of the District, and the Commissioners of the District, will occupy seats east of the main entrance.

Members of the House of Representatives will enter the Senate Chamber by the main entrance at 11.50 A. M., and will occupy seats on the right of the Chair, next to the Diplomatic Corps.

Members-elect of the Fifty-third Congress will be admitted by tickets, to be delivered on personal application to the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate.

To Proceed to the Platform.

After the organization of the Senate shall have been completed, those assembled in the Senate Chamber will proceed through the rotunda to the platform on the central portico of the Capitol in the following order, viz.:

The Marshal of the District of Columbia and the Marshal of the Supreme Court.

The ex-Vice President.

The Supreme Court.

The Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate.

The Committee of Arrangements.

The President and the President-elect.

The Vice President and the Secretary of the Senate.

Members of the Senate.

The Diplomatic Corps.

Heads of departments.

The Major General of the Army, commanding, the ranking Admiral of the Navy, and

of the army and navy, who, by

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Miscellaneous.

The House of Bishops of the Episcopal Church, in New York, on Thursday adopted resolutions declaring that "Legislation calculated to bear expressly and harshly upon the Chinese race was unjust and in violation of the traditions of the Government; that it was likely to precipitate an antagonism to American citizens in China, which may lead to their expulsion." The House also expressed the conviction that it is not competent to the Government of the United States, under the provisions of the Constitution, to make, nor of any religious body to accept appropriations for the maintenance of missions or schools.

The Red Star Line, the North German Lloyd Line and the Netherlands American Line have resumed the steerage traffic, but on increased rates.

At a Robert Emmett anniversary meeting in New York, last evening, O'Connor McLoughlin read an address from the "Irish Nationalists to their fellow countrymen in America," denouncing the present Irish Parliamentary party as "traitors to Parnell and perjurers," declaring that Gladstone's Home Rule bill would carry the country back to the Poynning act. The address demanded a free and independent republic for Ireland.

LOCAL NEWS SUMMARY.

The Committee on Municipal Corporations of the State House of Representatives, which has under consideration the Penrose bill to abolish the Public Buildings Commission, yesterday inspected the Public Buildings on the invitation of the Commission. The committee listened to addresses by David W. Sellers and Commissioner John L. Hill.

Dalton Hall, the new science building of Bryn Mawr College, was formally opened yesterday afternoon. Appropriate exercises were held in the chapel of Taylor Hall. President Rhoads presided and addresses were delivered by Professor Charles O. Whitman, of the University of Chicago, and Professor Edward H. Keiser, of the Scientific Faculty. After the exer-

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of the House of Representatives
members-elect, Governors of States, ex-
members of the Senate and officers of the House
of Representatives.

All other persons who have been admitted to the floor of the Senate Chamber, followed by those who have been admitted to the galleries.

While the procession is being formed the reporters for the press will proceed to the seats reserved for them on the platform.

Seats on the Portico.

On reaching the portico the President and President-elect will take the seats reserved for them, the Chief Justice on their right and the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate on their left.

The Committee of Arrangements will occupy seats next to the President and President-elect.

The ex-Vice President and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, the Vice President, Secretary and members of the Senate will occupy seats on the right.

The diplomatic corps will occupy the seats on the left of the President. Heads of Departments, the Major General of the army commanding, the Admiral of the navy, and the officers of the army and navy who, by name, have received the thanks of Congress, Governors of States and ex-members of the Senate, will take seats west of the President.

The members and members-elect of the House will occupy seats reserved for them in the rear of the above.

Such other persons as are included in the preceding arrangements will occupy the steps and the residue of the platform and the portico.

On the conclusion of the ceremonies, the members of the Senate, preceded by the Sergeant-at-Arms, Vice President and the Secretary, will return to the Senate Chamber, and the President, accompanied by the Committee of Arrangements, will proceed to the Executive Mansion.

WHERE THE INAUGURATION WILL TAKE PLACE.

The inauguration will take place in front of the east portico of the Capitol. A large platform capable of accommodating about 1500 persons has been erected and tastefully decorated. The first inauguration from this place was in 1829, when President Jackson was inaugurated the first time. Prior to that the ceremony was conducted in the old hall of the House of Representatives, now known as Statuary Hall. The oath of office will be administered to Mr. Cleveland by Chief Justice Fuller. Upon concluding his in-

DIGER

PAGES.

TWELVE CENTS A WEEK.

inaugural address the President and ex-President will be escorted to their carriage, the positions of the two men being reversed by the brief ceremonies which will convert Mr. Cleveland into the President of the United States and Mr. Harrison into an ex-President.

The Procession.

When the procession moves to the Capitol, President Harrison will sit on the right hand side of the carriage, but returning to the White House he will sit on the left hand side, the new President occupying the place of honor. The Presidential carriage being in position in the line, the procession will be formed for the march to the White House. This is the real inaugural procession, and will be participated in by all the organized bodies here for that purpose. The march to the Capitol will be participated in only by the escort provided for the retiring and incoming Presidents. The march of the inaugural procession will be by column of platoons, the front of each platoon being composed of 16 men. It is estimated that at least 40,000 men will be in line. The right of the line will be composed of the regular troops and the Marine Corps, which will constitute the First Division of the First Grand Division.

National Guard of Pennsylvania.

The National Guard of Pennsylvania, which arrived to-day, will form the Second Division of the First Grand Division. This Grand Division will be the most imposing portion, as it will be the largest single body of the procession. Governor Pattison will ride at the head of the division, followed by his staff in full uniform. The Governor and all the members of the staff are now here. Colonel Krumbhaar has been here for several days directing arrangements for taking care of the Guard. Members of the Governor's staff present are:

- Brigadier General Walter W. Greenland, Adjutant General.
- Lieutenant Colonel Alexander Krumbhaar, Assistant Adjutant General.
- Lieutenant Colonel McPherson, Inspector.

John I. Rogers, Judge Advocate General.

Colonel O. E. McClellan, Quartermaster General.

Lieutenant Colonel Henry D. Paxson, Assistant Quartermaster General.

Colonel Richard S. Edwards, Commissary General.

Lieutenant Colonel George W. Ryon, Assistant Commissary General.

Colonel Louis W. Read, Surgeon General.

Colonel Thomas J. Hudson, Chief of Artillery.

Colonel Herman Osthaus, General Inspector of Rifle Practice.

Aides-de-Camp—Lieutenant Colonel A. J. Drexel, Jr., Lieutenant Colonel Rollin H. Wilbur, Lieutenant Colonel James Duffy, Lieutenant Colonel Wyle T. Wilson, Lieutenant Colonel A. Harvey Tyson, Lieutenant Colonel James West, Lieutenant Colonel James R. Hunsicker, Lieutenant Colonel A. D. Seely, Lieutenant Colonel Savery Bradley, Lieutenant Colonel W. C. Connelly, Jr., Lieutenant Colonel John M. Seigfried.

Non-commissioned Staff—Sergeant Major, John D. Worman; Quartermaster Sergeant, Saml. A. Bell; Commissary Sergeant, Clement J. Carew; Color Sergeant, Alexander W. Bergstresser; Chief Musician, John Russ.

New York Troops.

Governor Flower, of New York, who will also ride in the procession, will be followed by the Seventh Regiment of that State and a few separate companies. Maryland will, perhaps, come next to Pennsylvania in point of the number of uniformed troops in line. The march will be westward past the White House to Washington Circle, where the parade will be dismissed.

The Parting.

The carriage of the President will leave the

overcoats, dark trousers and tan gloves. The organization was greeted with hearty cheers as it marched along the avenue to its quarters at the Randall House. The Central Democratic Club and the Third Ward Democratic Club, of Philadelphia, arrived later in the afternoon. They were handsomely uniformed and presented a fine appearance. At 5 o'clock the William McAleer Association, with its new banner at the head of 100 men, arrayed in silk hats, brown overcoats and gray trousers, joined the Philadelphia contingent at the Randall House. They marched well and excited much favorable comment from the great crowd which lined the street. The Crescent Club, of West Philadelphia, reached the city late this evening, and opened headquarters at 630 Pennsylvania avenue, where some 50 members put in an appearance. The club was handsomely uniformed in light melton overcoats, dark trousers, light soft hats, canes and gloves. They were accompanied by the Wyoming Band, of Philadelphia, with twenty pieces. Other Philadelphia clubs were the P. F. Gallagher Association, of West Philadelphia, with 125 members; the United Democratic Club, with 100 members; the Jackson Club of the Second Ward and the Continental Club of the Third Ward.

J. M. C.

OFFICIAL COURTESIES.

President-elect Cleveland Calls Upon President Harrison—The Call Returned Promptly—A Call from the Inauguration Committee.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The President-elect and his party, after their fatiguing journey of yesterday, retired early. Many of their friends realized that rest must necessarily be more welcome to them than callers, and wisely deferred calling until to-day or later.

Every one passed a very restful night and arose about 8.30 o'clock this morning thoroughly refreshed. Before breakfast was served the President-elect called on Mr. Harrison in the White House, about

8.30, the other members of his party except Mr. and Mrs. Wilson. In the meantime the Senate committee, consisting of Messrs. Ransom, Teller and McPherson, had arrived and were waiting in the rotunda of the hotel.

They were joined by members of the Inauguration Committee, and, as soon as it was announced that Mr. Cleveland would receive them, they proceeded in a body to his apartments, and explained to him what arrangements had been made for his inauguration, and invited him to make such suggestions as he might see fit. Mr. Cleveland expressed his appreciation of the thoughtfulness and care with which the arrangements had been made. He had nothing of importance to suggest to the committee, and they withdrew.

At 10.30 Mr. Cleveland, accompanied by his private secretary, Mr. Thurber, entered a carriage and drove to the White House to pay his respects to the President. About 200 people were gathered on the portico and about the main entrance to the White House when the President-elect arrived there. The doors of the mansion were closed against the invasion of the general public until after the interview between the President and Mr. Cleveland, so that the lobby was not crowded, and the latter had free ingress to the Blue Room, where the exchange of courtesies took place.

As Mr. Cleveland's carriage was brought to a standstill under the portico of the main entrance, the crowd pressed closer together in the direction of the vehicle, and as Mr. Cleveland alighted, followed by Mr. Thurber, a hearty cheer went up. Raising his hand deprecatingly, as if to stop this demonstration, the President-elect passed rapidly through the narrow lane which the

CONGRESSIONAL.

A GREAT AMOUNT OF WORK ACCOMPLISHED BY BOTH HOUSES.

CONFERENCE REPORTS ON APPROPRIATION BILLS

SENATE WORLD'S FAIR AMENDMENTS TO THE SUNDRY CIVIL BILL

DISAGREED TO BY THE HOUSE

THE SENATE PASSES A NUMBER OF HOUSE BILLS ON THE CALENDAR.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 3.

The last legislative day of the Fifty-second Congress opened in the Senate with crowded galleries and with a pretty full attendance of Senators. The first business that came up for action was the conference report on the Legislative Appropriation bill. The report was read in full, without yielding much information as to what it all meant. The reading was interrupted several times on account of complaints of Senators that, by reason of the noise and confusion, they could not hear or understand the report.

Mr. Cullom expressed his surprise and regret at learning (not from the report, but from the Senators in charge of the bill) that the Senate conferees had "given away" an item, inserted by the Senate, making provision for temporary clerk hire in the office of the Chicago Sub-treasurer, which was absolutely necessary to run the office.

Mr. Daves (Republican), of Idaho, complained of the reduction in conference of the appropriation for surveys of public lands from \$400,000 to \$200,000, and of the cutting down of the appropriation for stock hire in the Land Office.

Mr. Carey, of Wyoming, joined in the complaint, and warned the Senators on both sides that, unless they changed their course as to the young States of the Far West, there would soon be neither a Republican party nor a Democratic party out there.

Mr. Teller (Republican), of Colorado, in order to prove the ability and desire of the West to help the Government, read a despatch he had received from the Clearing House Association of Denver, Col., offering to exchange a million dollars in gold coin for one million dollars in legal tender notes. He said that he had communicated this despatch to the Secretary of the Treasury and had received this answer: "Will receive gold in Denver. Amount of express charges on currency will be \$150, which Denver parties will have to pay. The gold will be sent through the Post-office at no cost to the Government. If I should pay express charges it will be equivalent to paying premium on gold, a thing I do not like to do."

"CHAS. FOSTER."

Mr. Teller's response to this, on his own responsibility, was: "I do not think the Denver banks will pay the expense you mention. I can see no reason why they should."

In view of that correspondence, Mr. Teller thought the pretended strait of the Treasury department was entirely unfounded. He was authoritatively informed that several millions of gold could be had in

few separate companies. Maryland, perhaps, come next to Pennsylvania in point of the number of uniformed troops in line. The march will be westward past the White House to Washington Circle, where the parade will be dismissed.

The Parting.

The carriage of the President will leave the procession at Fifteenth street, driving to the White House by the rear of the Treasury building. Upon reaching the portico of the White House ex-President Harrison will leave the President and proceed to the Pennsylvania Railroad Station, where a special train for Indianapolis will be found awaiting him, in charge of Mr. George W. Boyd, the efficient Assistant Passenger Agent of that company. President Cleveland, after taking leave of the ex-President, will proceed directly to the reviewing stand. Notice of his readiness having been communicated to Grand Marshal McMahon, the column will pass in review before the President. The march past the reviewing stand will begin about 2 o'clock, and will occupy at least four hours. The column will also be reviewed by the Grand Marshal at Washington Circle.

J. M. C.

UNCERTAINTY ABOUT THE WEATHER.

The Prophets Promise Clear Weather—The Inauguration Pageant Promises to Excel in Brilliance any of its Predecessor—Throng of Visitors—The City Handsomely Decorated—Pennsylvania Troops Attract Marked Attention—Governor Pattison Enthusiastic About the State Militia—Political Clubs from Pennsylvania.

[SPECIAL TO THE PUBLIC LEDGER.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 3.

where heavily laden with hun... After the meridian hour there were indications of a dispersion of the clouds, but the sun failed to shine, and about 8 o'clock the dreaded rain came, not in a heavy downpour, but sufficiently copious to thin out the crowds on the streets and dampen the enthusiasm of the marching columns on Pennsylvania avenue. The weather prophets, however, are not discouraged and promise clear weather for the second inauguration of Grover Cleveland. With sunshine and a fair day to-morrow's inauguration pageant promises to excel in brilliance any of its predecessors. All day long the railroads have been pouring throngs of visitors into the city. The crowds which have filled the streets and packed the hotel corridors, while not so large as those which attended the Grand Army Encampment last summer, have exceeded the expectations of those who, taking the estimates of local railway officials, anticipated a comparatively small attendance.

The Decorations.

The city has been handsomely decorated for the inauguration of Mr. Cleveland. Pennsylvania avenue throughout the route over which the procession will pass is bright with bunting and color. Many of the finishing touches were put on buildings as late as this afternoon. The Treasury Building attracted especial attention, with its Fifteenth street exposure almost concealed by the national colors and its three facades entwined with ropes of green. From the Capitol to the White House there is scarcely a single front which has not received attention. If the rain which began to-night does not spoil the decorations on stores and stands Mr. Cleveland will pass to and from the Capitol through a lane of light and color which will materially emphasize the brilliancy of his escort.

From early morning the blare of bands and the tramp of arriving military organizations and political clubs have resounded throughout the city.

Pennsylvania Troops.

The van guard of the Pennsylvania troops reached here last night, when the Thirteenth Regiment, Colonel Ripple commanding, arrived and went into quarters. Early this morning the Fifth Pennsylvania, with Colonel Birch in command, came in over the Pennsylvania Railroad, and were quartered at the Navy Yard. Later in the morning the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Regiments put in an appearance, and marched up the avenue to the War, State and Navy Departments Building, where they went into camp. The Philadelphia brigade did not arrive until nearly 9 o'clock. All the Pennsylvania troops attracted marked attention. They looked and marched like soldiers. The very absence of tinsel and display in accoutrements called out favorable comment, and from none more than from officers of the regular army, who praised the close assimilation of the Pennsylvania militia to the disciplined men under their own commands. The 8500 men from Pennsylvania who will march in to-morrow's

... Mr. Cleveland's carriage was brought to a standstill at the portico of the main entrance, the crowd pressed closer together in the direction of the vehicle, and as Mr. Cleveland alighted, followed by Mr. Thurber, a hearty cheer went up. Raising his hand deprecatingly, as if to stop this demonstration, the President-elect passed rapidly through the narrow lane which the White House attendants managed to make in the pressing, enthusiastic throng, and walked into the Blue Room, the official chamber of the President. Here Mr. Harrison stood to receive him, with Lieut. John W. Parker, his naval aide, at his side.

The two great men greeted each other cordially and exchanged a few commonplaces. At the end of eight minutes Mr. Cleveland withdrew, after having arranged that the President should call at the Arlington to return the President-elect's visit at half-past 12 o'clock.

Punctually to the minute President Harrison, according to arrangement, arrived at the Arlington Hotel at half-past 12 o'clock, and immediately went to the apartments of the President-elect.

He was accompanied by Private Secretary Halford and Lieutenant Parker, and was met at the private entrance to the hotel by Landlord Rosselle. Scarcely half a dozen people were gathered at the entrance, as the hour for the President's visit was not generally known.

The call lasted for 16 minutes, double the time spent by Mr. Cleveland at the White House this morning. When President Harrison took his leave he was escorted to his carriage by Private Secretary Thurber.

The half dozen people about the entrance had been augmented in number to a score or so, and these viewed the departure of the President-elect with interest. There was no attempt

MR. CLEVELAND'S CALLERS.

Governor Flower, Richard Croker, Mayor Gilroy and Senator-elect Murphy Among Them—A Willingness to Support the New Administration.

[SPECIAL TO THE PUBLIC LEDGER.]

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Senator-elect Murphy called on the President-elect to-day, and a little later Governor Flower, Richard Croker and Mayor Gilroy called.

The visit of these prominent leaders in State and Tammany machines is believed to indicate a willingness to support the new Administration with more fervor than was expected. After the interview Mr. Murphy said: "My chat with Mr. Cleveland was an exceedingly agreeable one to me. We had quite a talk, but politics was not mentioned—not even hinted at, indeed. This is no time to discuss offices, and I had no desire to talk about them. The conversation was wholly of a personal character. Nothing was said about the Senatorial election. Why will certain newspapers persist in trying to create dissension in the party in our State? There is none. We are all with Mr. Cleveland. There is no reason why we should not be. I wish this talk of fighting the President-elect would stop."

"Those are my sentiments," put in Governor Flower. "No man can say truthfully that Mr. Murphy or any of us was ever disloyal to the President-elect. To be sure, we opposed his nomination, for we believed that Mr. Hill could carry the State of New York, and we were doubtful if Mr. Cleveland could. From the day that Mr. Cleveland was nominated we had no thought but how we could make his triumph assured. We united in giving him such a victory as has not been achieved by any candidate for the Presidency. We are not after offices. We do not want them."

"That is true," said Mr. Murphy. "I have always believed that patronage weakens a party rather than strengthens it. That, indeed, has been my experience. No demands have been made by the State leaders for patronage, and none will be made. You may depend upon it that nothing will be done in any way to embarrass Mr. Cleveland. We all want to help rather than hinder him in his Administration. I have no idea who is to be appointed to office in New York. Mr. Cleveland can be depended upon to name fit men, and I shall be satisfied whoever may be selected.

Richard Croker said that the word "patronage," or anything akin to it, had not been hinted at during his call upon Mr. Cleveland. Mayor Gilroy, Police Commissioner James J. Martin, Fire Commissioner John J. Scannell, Bernard F. Martin, Assemblyman Timothy Sullivan, Justice Patrick Dwyer and scores more of the Tammany leaders and the rank and file protested that they had just touched the hand of the President-elect and congratulated him upon his coming inauguration, and departed thoroughly satisfied that he would treat them well.

... Mr. Cleveland's response to this, on his own responsibility, was: "I do not think the Denver banks will pay the expense you mention. I can see no reason why they should."

In view of that correspondence, Mr. Teller thought that the pretended strait of the Treasury Department was entirely unfounded. He was authoritatively informed that several millions of gold could be had in the same way from the extreme West if the Treasury Department desired it. If the West did not get all it wanted in appropriation bills, it contributed more to the growth of the country than any other section.

The vote was then taken and the conference report on the Legislative bill was agreed to—yeas, 42; nays, 21.

The House joint resolution passed last night as to payment of clerk hire for members was laid before the Senate and passed.

The conference report on the Post-office Appropriation bill was presented.

Mr. Gorman inquired what had been done as to the paragraph appropriating \$198,000 for the Southern fast mail.

Mr. Cullom (Republican), of Illinois, in charge of the bill, said that the paragraph had been restored as it originally came from the House, appropriating \$198,000 for special mail facilities by New York and Washington to Atlanta, Georgia, and New Orleans. There has been a very strong disposition manifested by the House conferees, and finally the Senate conferees had yielded. The action of the conference was criticized by a number of Senators.

The report was then agreed to—yeas 35, nays 25.

The conference report on the Agricultural bill was presented, and passed without question.

The conference report on the ...

The report was agreed to.

The McGarrahan bill was then, on motion of Mr. Teller (Republican), of Colorado, taken up for consideration, the vote being—yeas 46, nays 8.

The credentials of William Roach, Senator-elect from North Dakota, for the full term of six years from March 4th, 1893, were presented and placed on file.

House joint resolution authorizing the State of Wisconsin to place in Statuary Hall at the Capitol the statue of Pere Marquette was reported and passed.

The McGarrahan bill having been temporarily withheld from action in order to have some morning business disposed of, a proposition was made by Mr. Sherman (Republican), of Ohio, to take up House bills on the calendar, subject to objection.

Mr. Teller signified his willingness to yield for that purpose, but thought that Mr. Hill, who wanted to get up his Bridge bill, might object, and Mr. Hill said that he certainly should object unless there was a limit of time fixed for the House bills on the calendar.

Mr. Sherman suggested 30 minutes, and both Senators Teller and Hill assented to that proposition.

Thirty-five House bills on the calendar were passed.

On motion of Mr. Gordon (Democrat), of Georgia, Senate bill relating to copyright was passed. (It authorizes copyright to issue where two copies of the book or other copyright article had been sent to the Librarian of Congress, or mailed, before the 1st of March, 1893.) House bill to continue the duties of 35 per cent. on linen containing 100 threads per square inch (the rate now approved by law) was passed, with an amendment making it take effect in 1895 instead of 1894.

The McGarrahan bill was again taken up and Mr. Morrill (Republican), of Vermont, moved an amendment referring the case to the United States District Court for the Southern District of California instead of to the Court of Private Land Claims. He followed with an argument contesting the right of McGarrahan to any relief.

Mr. Hoar (Republican), of Massachusetts, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, made a statement of the reasons which had led him, somewhat reluctantly and after a full examination, to give his support to the bill. He reviewed the history of the case, dwelling on four or five points which threw suspicion upon the honesty of the claim, and reflected discredit. A claimant whom McGarrahan had slandered was his (Mr. Hoar's) brother, and another was a man whom he had loved as a brother. He had investigated fifteen times by committees of two Houses and had been sustained twelve or thirteen times. Under all these circumstances he thought that a case had been made out for a new trial.

Without disposing of the bill the Senate, at 5.30, took a recess till 8 P. M.

Mr. Allison's motion that the Senate reject

and went into quarters. Early this morning the Fifth Pennsylvania, with Colonel Birch in command, came in over the Pennsylvania Railroad, and were quartered at the Navy Yard. Later in the morning the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Regiments put in an appearance, and marched up the avenue to the War, State and Navy Departments Building, where they went into camp. The Philadelphia brigade did not arrive until nearly 9 o'clock. All the Pennsylvania troops attracted marked attention. They looked and marched like soldiers. The very absence of tinsel and display in accoutrements called out favorable comment, and from none more than from officers of the regular army, who praised the close assimilation of the Pennsylvania militia to the disciplined men under their own commands. The 8500 men from Pennsylvania, who will march in to-morrow's parade in a line extending from Georgetown to the Capitol, will give a clearer idea of the possible military resources of the States than all other detached regiments combined.

and Keystone started caps of the Pennsylvania troops were, perhaps, the most conspicuous sight in the city. The militiamen thronged the cable cars on the avenue, filled the corridors and galleries of the Capitol, and invaded the departments, from the Pension Office to the White House. They were orderly and well behaved, and fully justified the statement of Governor Pattison that improvement in discipline and self-control had not been the least of the advances made by the Pennsylvania troops in the past few years.

The Governor Enthusiastic About the Troops.

Governor Pattison reached here last evening, and, with his staff, is quartered at the Arlington, where he held a continuous reception throughout the day, which was only broken by a call which he made with his military family this morning upon President Harrison. The Governor was full of enthusiasm upon the subject of the Pennsylvania militia.

"The participation of our State troops in the inaugural ceremonies," said the Governor, "is not play. It is business. It furnishes at once an object lesson of our ability for quick mobilization and a practical lesson in rapid movement and in discipline en route. Not a regiment started before last night. Within twenty-four hours we will have our entire National Guard, gathered from cross roads, hamlet and city, comfortably quartered in the National Capital, each man equipped as he would be for action and schooled in the duties of the soldier as not one volunteer in a thousand was in 1861. The State has every reason to be as proud as I am of her citizen soldiery. Every year a third of the militia changes. Fully two-thirds of those here today were not here four years ago. The transfer of the troops to the National Capital, entirely aside from the military standpoint, will be of great personal value to the men. It gives them the opportunity to see the Capital which some time they may be called upon to defend. It will stimulate patriotism and be of equal value in teaching self-control and in giving the men a chance to mingle with and see those from other parts of the country."

Civic Organizations.

Pennsylvania's political civic organizations were early on the ground. The Randall Club, of Pittsburg, reached the city in the morning 200 strong. The Samuel J. Randall Association, of Philadelphia, with 101 members, arrived over the Pennsylvania Road shortly after 1 o'clock, and on time. The club, headed by Squire McMullen, made a fine appearance as they marched up the avenue in black silk hats, plum-colored

done in any way to embarrass Mr. Cleveland. We all want to help rather than hinder him in his Administration. I have no idea who is to be appointed to office in New York. Mr. Cleveland can be depended upon to get some fit men, and I shall be satisfied when they may be selected.

Richard Croker said that the word "patronage," or anything akin to it, had not been hinted at during his call upon Mr. Cleveland. Mayor Gilroy, Police Commissioner James J. Martin, Fire Commissioner John J. Scannell, Bernard F. Martin, Assemblyman Timothy Sullivan, Justice Patrick Divver and scores more of the Tammany leaders and the rank and file protested that they had just touched the hand of the President-elect and congratulated him upon his coming inauguration, and departed thoroughly satisfied that he would treat them well.

PRESIDENT HARRISON'S BUSY DAY.

At His Desk at an Early Hour Going Over

Approval—Constant Interruptions—Senators and Representatives and Others Call to Say Good-bye—Leave-taking of His Cabinet—Autograph Seekers—Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland Entertained at Dinner by President Harrison.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The last day of the outgoing Executive is always a busy and fatiguing one, and President Harrison's experience to-day but served to emphasize the truth of this statement. At an earlier hour even than usual the President was at his desk, going over the bills ready for his examination and approval. He was subjected, however, to constant interruptions until a late hour in the afternoon, and that he was able to make any progress at all in his work proved his unusual powers of application. Before the hour for opening the House to the public the President received a number of callers, chiefly Senators and Representatives, who were interested in the measures on his desk awaiting his signature. A few of them, however, called merely to say good-bye.

Sergeant-at-Arms Valentine, of the Senate, accompanied Senators Teller, McPherson and Ransom, of the Committee of Arrangements of the Inauguration to-morrow, who called to perfect the last details of the programme.

Later, Indiana people who are in office to the number of half a dozen or so, called to bid the President farewell, and this was one of the hardest experiences of the day.

After the exchange of calls with Mr. Cleveland, as elsewhere recorded, and his brief but touching leave-taking of his Cabinet, the President received the members of the Diplomatic Corps, who called in a body to say farewell.

Nearly every member of the corps was present. In the intervals between these semi-public functions, the President was called upon to furnish his autograph to numerous seekers. In the corridor outside waited a woman interested in behalf of an unfortunate prisoner whose application for pardon was pending. The President was compelled to inform her that the case, not being a capital one with a sentence to be executed before 12 o'clock to-morrow, he could not possibly find time to consider it.

After the crowd had left the President was left largely to himself. At 3 o'clock he bade adieu to Major Hallford, who then left the house to take the train for New York. This was quite a trial to both of them. Neither is much given to manifesting any emotion, but they are possessed of sentimental natures, which were stirred up to their depths by the severance of relations which had existed many years, and which during the past four

[Continued on Seventh Page.]

Mr. Hoar (Republican), of Massachusetts, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, made a statement of the reasons which had led him, somewhat reluctantly and after a full examination, to give his support to the bill. He reviewed the history of the case, dwelling on four or five points which threw suspicion upon the honesty of the claim, and reflected discredit. A claimant whom McGarrahan had slandered was his (Mr. Hoar's) brother, and another was a man whom he had loved as a brother. But, on the other hand, the claim had been investigated fifteen times by committees of the two Houses and had been sustained twelve or thirteen times. Under all these circumstances he thought that a case had been made out for a new trial.

Without disposing of the bill the Senate, at 5.30, took a recess till 8 P. M.

Mr. Allison's motion that the Senate insist on its World's Fair amendments was then carried. Yeas 54, nays 11, all negative votes being Democratic.

When the recess expired the galleries showed a compact mass of spectators. There was hardly room for a very thin person to squeeze into a seat, even if he or she had been able to pass through any of the doors, which could not be done, as they were all tightly sealed by the doorkeepers.

In all the halls and corridors there was an ever increasing surge of people, and before every door the waiting crowds formed groups waiting for a chance to get inside—a chance that never came.

The diplomatic and the press galleries were, on the contrary, quite empty, and there were two rows in the ladies' gallery that were reserved for the ladies of the Vice Presidents' families, but these were not long in finding occupants.

The attendance of Senators was not proportioned to that of the spectators, and it was deemed advisable to extend the recess for another quarter of an hour. When that further time expired the conference report on the Deficiency Bill was presented and read.

It showed an agreement upon all points except the French spoliation claims, the Pacific Railroad judgments, and the Clerks for Senators—all these being reserved for further action.

Mr. Pascoe (Republican), of Florida, inquired as to the Florida claim inserted in the bill last night.

Mr. Hale (Republican), of Maine, in charge of the bill, replied that the amendment had gone the way of most of the amendments. The House conferees had shown themselves simply obdurate as to all State claims, and had stated that whatever might come in the future on a well-considered bill reported from some committee of either house, they could not agree to let them come in on an appropriation bill. The amendments as to the Pacific Railroad judgments were discussed by Mr. Stewart (Republican), of Nevada, and Mr. Mitchell (Republican), of Oregon, on the side of the railroad companies.

The conference report was agreed to, and the Senate voted to insist on the amendments not settled in conference, and to have a further conference as to them.

The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was then presented, showing several points on which the conference had been unable to agree. Mr. Allison (Republican), of Iowa, in charge of the bill, explained the report.

The Senate conferees had receded from the item of \$25,000 for the suitable entertainment of special guests invited by the President of the United States.

[Continued on Tenth Page.]

OPENING OF DALTON HALL.

BYRN MAWR'S SPLENDID NEW BUILDING FOR SCIENTIFIC STUDY.

Appropriate Exercises Mark an Important Event in the History of This Institution for the Higher Education of Women.

Dalton Hall, the new science building of Bryn Mawr College, was formally opened yesterday afternoon, and dedicated to the researches of science. The event marked a red letter day in the history of that magnificent institution for the higher education of women, and was the occasion of general rejoicing on the part of both faculty and students.

After appropriate exercises in the chapel of Taylor Hall, including a magnificent address on the present position of science in the world at large and the practical relation of biology to every-day life, the new science hall was inspected by the guests. Naturally, the inspection was in the nature of an informal reception, during which the splendid appointments of the new building were shown to the visitors.

A beautiful bowl of fragrant red roses stood in front of the platform of the chapel of Taylor Hall, and a vase of rare flowers rested on a table near the President's chair. Arriving guests were welcomed by students in cap and gown, while ushers, wearing the colors of the college, led them to seats in the chapel.

There was some delay in the hour of beginning the exercises, caused by the train bearing the principal speaker, from Chicago, being behind time. But the interval of waiting gave the guests an opportunity to exchange congratulations on the latest addition to the handsome group of buildings of Bryn Mawr.

Girl students clustered about the doors of the chapel, looking very studious and demure in their flowing black gowns and caps. At last a procession of students quietly entered the hall, the alumnae leading. They filled the body of the chapel and remained standing until the faculty and guests entered. President Rhoads led the second procession, escorting Professor Whitman, the principal speaker, Dean Thomas, of the college, following with Mr. George W. Childs.

Besides these there were seated on the platform Mrs. George W. Childs, Mr. Richard Wood, Mr. Wm. P. Strawbridge, Miss

James MacAllister, Professor Adelson, of Swarthmore, Miss Marian A. Wright and Mr. Joseph Wharton; also Mr. Howard Comfort and Edward Bettle, of the Board of Trustees, and the following members of the faculty: Dr. G. Lodge, Mr. J. D. Bruce, Mr. A. S. MacKenzie, Mr. S. Harkin, Dr. Richards, Dr. Fontaine, Mr. W. C. Lawton, Dr. C. M. Andrew, Dr. E. W. Hopkins, Dr. T. H. Morgan, Dr. H. Callitz, Dr. G. A. Burton, Dr. J. W. Warren, Dr. Ida Kellar, Dr. Matilde Wergeland, Dr. Herbert Weir Smythe, Miss Rose Chamberlain, Dr. Edward A. Keiser, Miss Harriet Randolph, Mr. Sydney E. Mezes.

An Expression of Gratitude.

When the students had been seated Dr. Rhoads arose to introduce the principal speaker of the occasion, Charles O. Whitman, Ph. D., Professor of Biology in the University of Chicago. Dr. Rhoads took occasion to speak briefly of the steps which led to the erection of the new hall, and, in simple words, gave expression to the gratitude which is felt towards those who contributed to that end. He said:

"The important place which should be accorded to the physical sciences in any modern system of liberal education, and the imperative duty to use laboratory methods in the teaching of these sciences, will, no doubt, be made to appear in the addresses to which you will presently have the pleasure of listening.

"The original group of buildings designed by Dr. Taylor for the use of the college, there was one for laboratories, and even the site for it was chosen. But it was found that the hall in which we now meet would for a time afford ample room for the laboratories for biology and chemistry, and the erection of a science hall was therefore deferred. In the second year of the college a temporary laboratory was

blissings of life are not stored in the gold mine."

Our Meagre Knowledge.

After showing that the animate world is an organic whole, consisting of mutually dependent parts—plants, animals and man—Professor Whitman spoke of our present meagre knowledge, which suffices only to secure a very small part of the service which lower organisms are capable of rendering. The beings most despised are often the very agents nature has fitted to serve important uses.

He illustrated this by describing in detail the work of the earth-worm, nature's most precious tiller of the soil. Even lower in the scale of existence, he pointed out the microbes, with which the air swarms, the water teems and the earth itself is actually active. Although responsible for a very large number of all the ills that ever escaped from Pandora's box, Lilliput Microbe is now honored as the world's omnipresent sanitary inspector and as nature's universal scavenger. Professor Whitman described the active and beneficial work of microbes in the soil of the fields.

The practical application of the biological theory of germs in medicine, surgery and hygiene was discussed and the triumphs of preventive and curative inoculation noted. Examples were given of diseases that have yielded to such treatment.

"Add to this germ theory of disease," the speaker said, "that of fermentation, of organic decomposition, of nitrification, of nitrogen assimilation, of sewerage filtration, and the etiology of inflammation, and you have an unmatched series of achievements in biological research.

A Pertinent Suggestion.

"To the friends of Bryn Mawr whose beneficence makes this an occasion for the heartiest congratulation and rejoicing, I want to make one suggestion, which I am almost certain they will gladly carry out. To the welcome gift of a Science Hall add something that will greatly increase its usefulness and that will endure when its walls have crumbled to dust. Add something that will be more than twice blessed, something that will not only bless the givers and receivers, but also the world of science. Add—it is gratitude for what you have done that prompts me to say it—add a science fund, the income of which shall be devoted to research fellowships, yielding annually from \$500 to \$1000, and open to post-graduate students, who have given proof of ability to honor such a privilege by thoroughly creditable work. Let me say to you that Bryn Mawr does not lack in students of great promise in science, and the

most earnest attention, and the applause which evinced the appreciation of the audience and students was prolonged by the suggestion which he made in concluding.

Professor Kelsor's Remarks.

The second and closing address was made by Edward H. Keiser, Ph. D., Professor of Chemistry and Senior Professor of the Scientific Faculty of the College. He spoke especially for the students of the scientific departments, saying that they were very grateful, very happy and contented. Referring to the limited and restricted quarters of the past, in which it was scarcely possible to do good work, Professor Kelsor said the scientific departments were now in the position of persons that came into possession of a rich legacy. The duty had fallen to him to extend an invitation to the friends present to visit Dalton Hall and inspect its appointments and equipments. Speaking briefly of the preparations which had been made to welcome the visitors, the speaker passed on to a description of the building and its admirable arrangements. He spoke humorously of the past wanderings of the scientific departments from building to building and the progress of the plans for the new hall through a long period of years.

"Surely these first gifts to Bryn Mawr," said Professor Kelsor, in conclusion, "are but an earnest of others yet to come. Perhaps we may now hope that some kind, generous friend of the college will aid us in securing what we need more than all else, and that is a complete equipment of instruments and apparatus, specimens, and, above all, books.

"I know that I am expressing the feelings of all my colleagues and all the students in the scientific departments when I say that our new building, with all its conveniences and advantages is for us a new-

POTTSTOWN IRON COMPANY

MEETING OF ITS CREDITORS IN THE BOARD OF TRADE ROOMS.

An Advisory Committee of Creditors to Co-operate With the Receivers—Statement of the Appraisers Appointed by the Courts.

At a meeting of creditors of the Pottstown Iron Company yesterday in the Board of Trade rooms, Drexel Building, H. F. West presided. The President, Directors and Receivers attended, and a majority of the creditors were represented.

The Chair was instructed, on motion of Samuel R. Shipley, to appoint a committee of five creditors, to co-operate with the Receivers as an Advisory Committee, for the furtherance of the best interests of the creditors and the carrying on of the business in conjunction with the Receivership.

A detailed statement of the assets and liabilities of the company was submitted by John Sparhawk, Jr., counsel for the company, as follows:

Assets.

Real estate, blast furnace, rolling mills, factories and steel plant, \$2,115,344; personalty, including raw materials and those in the course of manufacture, \$358,689 20. The books of the company January 30th, 1893, the date of the appointment of the Receivers, show: Accounts receivable, \$163,869 53; bills receivable, \$572 66; bills receivable discounted, \$140,501 11; cash, \$23,884 63; total, \$2,896,061 18.

Liabilities.

Bonds payable, \$250,000 at 6 per cent, and \$374,000 at 5 per cent., \$624,000; bills payable, \$791,205 47—with part of these, \$246,000 of the general mortgage bonds of the company as collateral; accounts payable, \$118,345 82; bills receivable discounted, \$140,501 11; wages, \$20,049 23; total, \$1,703,101 63.

The total capital stock of \$884,800 was shown to be protected. It was stated that the stopping of the works for important repairs, at a time when payments were maturing, necessitated a temporary suspension of payments. The works have been carried on since January 30th under the receivership, employing 2000 hands. No preference was given to any creditor, and the opinion was expressed that the company will pay its debts in full if time be given.

Report of the Appraisers.

The appraisers appointed by Judge Biddle

completed their report, the foregoing are taken therefrom. The Appraisers, James C. Brooks, President of the Southwark Foundry and Machine Company, and John L. Welmer, of the Welmer Machine Works, of Lebanon, say in closing their report:

"To the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas No. 1 of Philadelphia county: We have examined the various works of the Pottstown Iron Company and find the plant modern, well equipped, in good order and in operation. We have taken the valuation of the various mills as they stand upon the books of the company, and, from information from the officers of the company, we believe it to be below its present actual value as a running mill. In other words, we believe it would not be possible to duplicate the works as now running for the same costs. We reached this conclusion, as we find they have made, in some instances, additions and improvements without adding the cost to the assets, preferring to charge them to running expenses. A good fence, in part supported upon a substantial wall, has been run around the lower works and charged to current expenses. There is also a considerable amount of scrap about the place that has not been added to the personal property account.

"As to the ground owned by the company we will call upon an expert, a resident of Pottstown, to assist us in our valuation, feeling that we could not give a correct opinion as to its value. Mr. Aaron K. Shaner is the expert we consulted. A careful canvass of the value of this ground shows it to be worth \$76,181 more than is shown by the books of the company. This result is arrived at after reducing the book value of the following properties, as follows: Hopewell property, \$46,173 54; Mount Pleasant property, \$3722 66; Eshbach property, \$552 50, making a total reduction of \$50,448 66.

"We noted in our investigations that the

the hall in which we now met would for a time afford ample room for the laboratories for biology and chemistry, and the erection of a science hall was therefore deferred. In the second year of the college a temporary laboratory for physics was supplied, and the discussion of plans for a hall that should contain laboratories for all our scientific departments was begun. These plans finally took shape, but the funds to erect the building were lacking. Two years ago need for such a building became so urgent that, with some hesitation, an appeal was made to the friends of the college for aid towards the erection of a hall for laboratories. This appeal met by so generous a response that it was decided to go forward and put the building plans were placed in the hands of the Hon. Osborne, Assistant Professor of Architecture, and his experience in the erection of such buildings for his own University and economy with efficiency, and that combination with the general style of the building more recent than the building alone, exclusive of its heating apparatus and the laboratory of its heating apparatus, of which more than \$50,000 has been given by liberal donors, than \$50,000 has been given by liberal donors. To these kind and most grateful acknowledgments, not alone for the gifts which have been made to erect Dalton Hall, but for the possibility of their being made.

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"I know that I am expressing the feelings of all my colleagues and all the students in the scientific departments when I say that our new building, with all its conveniences and advantages, is for us a powerful stimulus and incentive to work. We want to have our laboratory not merely a place where curious mixtures are made, where elegant apparatus is exhibited and carefully prepared specimens are treasured. It must be more than this, it must be a real workshop of science, a place where investigations are carried on and results obtained. Our laboratory must be a place where earnest efforts are made to advance the boundaries of human knowledge. And, surely, as the result of these earnest efforts we must advance that knowledge a little way, and in so doing the workers must sometimes catch glimpses of the great laws that govern the material universe.

At the close of Prof. Keiser's speech, the students marched out of the chapel and across the grounds to Dalton Hall. The guests followed and were welcomed at the portals of the new building by the assembled students. The members of each department acted as guides through the rooms devoted to its particular branches of study, explaining the instruments and appliances. Experiments were being conducted in each room, which added to the interest of the occasion. Dalton Hall and its arrangements and equipment were fully described in the PUBLIC LEDGER of Thursday, and its particular adaptability for the purpose for which it was constructed was pointed out.

following properties, as follows: Hopewell property, \$40,173 54; Mount Pleasant property, \$372 65; Eshbach property, \$552 50, making a total reduction of \$50,448 69. "We noted in our investigations that the steel department was working very effectively. This, with the good condition of the rest of the works, leads up to the conclusion that it is of vital importance to the creditors to keep the works running in order to recover the amounts due them from the company."

Last Year's Showing.

The officers of the company submitted the following statement: The works are in efficient condition. The plant has been in operation over twenty-five years and its products have a preference in many markets. Our sales last year amounted to \$2,785,000. The output during 1892 was: Pig iron, 38,561 tons; puddle bars, 23,977 tons; sheared plates, 24,233 tons; Universal plates, 24,228 tons; nail plates, 13,134; nails, 198,738 kegs; Bessemer steel ingots, 48,409 tons; open hearth ingots, 4625 tons; steel slabs, 42,275 tons. Notwithstanding the extreme depression in prices the operations of the year involved no loss. The continued operation of the works will, it is believed, result in advantage to the creditors.

THE SUSPENDED FIRM.

No Statement of Laughlin & McManus' Affairs Will be Issued Before Early Next Week. No statement of the condition of the affairs of the suspended banking and finance firm of Laughlin & McManus will be issued before early next week.

comes every good gift, whose thoughts can be read in every fact of observation, and whose wisdom lies open in every true principle of science. Christianity cares for all the interests of men; it touches upon and, if permitted, makes sacred all forms of knowledge and sanctifies all research.

"With the accumulated force that has been given to them by more than 2000 years of human experience would we repeat the words of a King of Israel, 'Now, therefore, our God, we thank thee and praise thy glorious name.'

We are aware, in the East, that there has risen in Chicago an institution characteristic of that great city, which has a faculty admirably trained and of great strength. In seeking for some one to speak to us on this occasion, our thoughts turned to the Professor of Biology, Professor Whitman. He has kindly consented to address you, and I take pleasure in introducing him—Charles O. Whitman, Professor of Biology in the University of Chicago and Director of the Wood's Hole Marine Laboratory."

After expressing his thanks for the invitation to speak on an occasion so auspicious to Bryan Mawr, Professor Whitman said:

Dr. Whitman's Address.

"The pursuit of science is now universally honored. The time has gone by when knowledge was shadowed with the abhorrence of the serpent, and anathematized in high places. Solomon and St. Paul are no longer made to bear false witness against learning, and its advance no longer calls for such elaborate discussion and defence as the treatise once dedicated by Lord Bacon as his best 'oblation' to King James. We are now in a position to view the progress of science calmly and hopefully, and to appreciate its relation to man's highest happiness and usefulness. A modern Diogenes would be met with the question, 'How comes it to pass that philosophers are the followers of rich men and not rich men of philosophers?' The question would come with its principal terms interchanged, but the answer be, 'Because rich men know their needs.' Science is no doubt heir to all the distempers of learning that prevailed in olden times, but we do not the less magnify the good because the bad covets its company. Words often supply the place of matter; imposture now and then steals admission to the courts of science; we have not fully outgrown what Carlyle aptly terms the 'beaver science' of catalogues and classification, and our modern philosophers radiate 'transcendental moonshine' as profusely as those

invited were Dr. Ashurst, Dr. and Mrs. Harrison Allen, Dr. and Mrs. Griffith E. Abbott, Prof. William Hyde Appleton, President Andrews.

Dr. Edward Brooks; Miss Florence Baldwin, Miss Helen Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. Wharton Barker, Professor George F. Barker, Mrs. Matthew Balrd, Dr. Anna E. Broomall, Mr. and Mrs. George Burnham, Professor H. P. Bowditch, Mr. C. E. Bushnell, Miss F. E. Bennett, Dr. and Mrs. Backus, Dr. D. G. Brinton, Mrs. Elizabeth Powell Bond, Mr. John B. Clark.

Mr. Walter Cope, Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Coates, Mr. Hampton L. Carson, Mrs. Brinton Coxe, Miss Cunningham, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Clothier, Miss Frances Case, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Converse, Professor and Mrs. Edward D. Cope, Professor J. G. Curtis, Mrs. G. Dawson Coleman.

Mr. Charles A. Dana, Miss Dillaye, President De Garmo, of Swarthmore College; Mrs. De Garmo, Mr. Anthony J. Drexel, Mr. and Mrs. L. Clarke Davis, Mr. Samuel Dixon. Miss Helen Erben.

Professor George S. Fullerton, Miss S. Gwendolin Foulke, Dr. H. H. Furness, Miss Furness, Rev. Dr. William H. Furness, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Gilman, Miss Martha H. Garrett, Miss Mary E. Garrett, Mr. and Mrs. Clement A. Griscom, Mrs. E. D. Gillespie, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Gillingham, Dr. C. S. Gerhard, Dr. Emily L. Gregory, Miss Virginia Graef, President and Mrs. Gates, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. P. Goff.

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Miss Sophia Irwin, Miss Irwin. Dr. Morris Jastrow, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Jones, Dr. Horace Jayne, Dean of the University of Pennsylvania; Dr. Mary Johnson, Mr. Isaac Johnson, Professor Edmund J. James.

Miss F. M. Kerr, Miss King, Dr. W. W. Keen, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Kennedy, Dr. and Mrs. Howard Kelly, Dr. Wm. V. Keating, the Misses Keating.

Dr. H. R. Lamborn, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Longstreth, Miss Logan, Professor Arnold Lang, Professor William Libby, Mr. and Mrs. J. Dundas Lippincott, Dr. Fred.

amount of the firm's liabilities will be known.

Mr. Piersall, the firm's confidential clerk, who worked almost all of Thursday night at the books, was at his post again yesterday working arduously in an effort to bring order out of chaos, and was rejoined after banking hours by Receiver Hopkins. No business was transacted at the office yesterday, and every effort is being made to reduce the firm's expenses to a minimum.

A Play by High School Pupils.

"Aunt Dinah's Quilting Party," a play entertainment in one act, was produced "for the first time on any stage," last evening, at Mercantile Hall, under the auspices of the Central High School Association, before an audience which filled the house. The book was written by William H. Ukers, the music was composed by David Wallace, Jr., and the orchestra was directed by Gustavus Sickler, all members of the association. The respective characters were acceptably impersonated by the following: Miss Bertha Wuest, Mr. William Harrison, Mr. Robert S. Winsmore, Mr. Wm. C. Mason, Mr. Wm. G. Jones, Mlle. Adeline Maurice, Miss A. May Dodd, Miss S. Marie Cavanaugh, Miss Viola St. Claire, Mr. Carl N. Martin, Mr. Robt. G. Dieck, Mr. J. P. Fenton, Miss Edna Leach, Mr. A. Guy Reber, Mr. Gustavus Sickels.

HOSPITAL CASES.

Pennsylvania—Edward C. Baker, 21 years, 2135 Tasker street, ankle sprained. Martin Grimes, 38 years, 703 South Front street, eyes contused, nose lacerated and contused. George M. Stanley, 17 years, rear 621 Mary street, shoulder contused. Harry H. Reed, 31 years, 4642 Pulaski avenue, Germantown, knee fractured. David Kelly, 53 years, 1505 Carpenter street, knee contused. John Martil, 25 years, 714 South Seventh street, toes crushed. Michael Cohen, 24 years, 406 Green street, fingers burned. Laura Anderson, 17 years, 420 Radcliff street, head lacerated. Polycitnio—Mrs. Sarah Stewart, 62 years, 1031 Clements street, arm fractured. Mary Titemeir, 45 years, 221 Square street, arm fractured. Anne McEamill, 54 years, 2021 Kimball street, arm fractured. Patrick Burns, 40 years, 2223 Kimball street, shoulder contused. Anna Brownside, 50 years, 2031 Summer street, hand lacerated. Anne Hamilton, 13 years, 2547 Eagleston

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Science is Sound.

"But for all this, science is sound to the core. Its distempers are all external, not intrinsic. It bears the ills of the times and the fruits of human nature. But, while it bears, it presents no vulnerable point to infection, and carries the key to unfailing remedies. We must not charge to science evils that are not of its making. In our judgment of science and its ministers we must look beneath the surface. Science insists ever and ever on the search for essentialities and

superficial observation. Herein it becomes the indispensable handmaid of religion. Science teaches us to respect truth, and truth alone, and to abhor the very shadow of deceit and misrepresentation. Its whole mission is to discover truth and to banish every form of untruth. It trains the mind in actual and logical methods, arms it against deception, gives depth of insight, quickens and deepens sincerity, elevates the standard of veracity, stimulates independent thought and imparts courage of conviction. It teaches resignation and obedience to the laws of existence as the first condition of happiness; it dethrones superstition and points to truth as the rock of faith; its all-powerful search-light respects no place of ignorance, and fear vanishes as causes are revealed.

"The position which the natural sciences should take in our educational system is still a question which divides sympathies and convictions. The ultraists have fought over it as if it was a struggle for existence between two irreconcilable ideas or tendencies, in which the survival of one meant the annihilation of the other. The question is not to be settled by partisan pugilism; it is a question of adding to our 'polite' humanities a due proportion of the scientific humanities."

Question of Practical Use.

After speaking of the improvement in the sentiment of the educational world towards science, Prof. Whitman discussed the question of practical use.

"The pure science of to-day," he said, "becomes the applied science of to-morrow, and it is to the appreciation of this fact in the more enlightened circles of business life that science owes so much in this country. Perhaps the practical value of chemistry is most clearly demonstrated in what it has done and is now doing to ameliorate the conditions of life and make man master of his environment. The value of life and money everybody appreciates, but how closely these depend upon the progress of biology passes unobserved by the masses, who, for the most part, have only the most superficial knowledge of nature and the laws underlying their little span of existence. When their crops are swept away by a cyclone of voracious insects, when some plague suddenly devastates their flocks and herds, when some deadly parasite overtakes them from sources unknown, when some dreaded scourge like the Asiatic cholera approaches without warning, then they discover how miserably and helplessly ignorant they are of the agencies operating around them; then they learn that the real

and Mrs. Arthur Gilman, Miss Martha H. Garrett, Miss Mary E. Garrett, Mr. and Mrs. Clement A. Griscom, Mrs. E. D. Gillespie, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Gillingham, Dr. C. S. Gerhard, Dr. Emily L. Gregory, Miss Virginia Graef, President and Mrs. Gates, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. P. Goff.

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Mr. and Mrs. Wayne McVeagh, Mr. Thos. Mott, Dr. Clara Marshall, Dean of Women's Medical College; Dr. John Marshall, Mrs. Elizabeth S. Mead, Mr. and Mrs. McClure, Mrs. Naomi Morris, Prof. Edward L. Maris, Mr. Morton McMichael, Dr. and Mrs. S. Weir Mitchell, Prof. J. C. McMurrick, Rev. W. N. McVickar, Miss McVickar, Dr. and Mrs. Thos. G. Morton, Rev. Wm. H. Miller, Dr. and Mrs. Frank Morley, Dr. and Mrs. McCoy, Mrs. J. P. Mumford, Miss Mumford, Mr. and Mrs. M. McKean.

Rev. Dr. J. P. Nicholson, Dr. and Mrs. Wm. H. ...; Dr. Chas. A. Oliver, Miss Marcella O'Grady.

Mr. Henry S. Pancoast, Mr. and Mrs. C. Stuart Patterson, Miss Charlotte Pendleton, Dr. and Mrs. Wm. Pepper, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Pugh, Dr. C. A. Perkins, Hon. Robt. E. Pattison, Dr. Edwin Reichart, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Parrish.

Prof. and Mrs. Ira Remsen, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Rhoads, Prof. Rothrock, Mr. Geo. B. Roberts, Prof. John A. Ryder.

Miss Hetty N. Stokes, Mr. John Stuartson, President L. Clark Seeley, of Smith College; Prof. Lucy Salmon, of Vassar College; President Helen A. Shafer, of Wellesley College; Dr. de Schweinitz, Miss Emily Sarsain, Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Shoemaker, Mr. N. Parker Shortridge, Miss M. E. Stevens, Mr. William Sellers, Mrs. Thomas A. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. William Scull, Mr. Edward Shippen, Mr. William M. Singerley, Professor William Sedgwick, Dr. Paul Shorey, Dr. and Mrs. Benjamin Sharp, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Strawbridge, Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Smith, Miss Alice Smith, Wilmington, Del.

President Taylor, of Vassar College; Dr. and Mrs. William Thomson, Dr. and Mrs. James Tyson, Mr. and Mrs. William S. Taylor, Miss Sarah Taylor, Phoebe Anna Thorne, Miss Eva Tappan, Mrs. E. S. Turner, Mrs. Edward T. Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Tatnall.

Mr. George Vaux, Mr. George Vaux, Jr., Miss Mary Vaux.

Dr. Francis E. White, Rev. Dr. H. L. Wayland, Mr. Stuart Wood, Mr. Walter Wood, Mr. Richard Wood, Bishop and Mrs. Whittaker, Mr. W. G. Warden, General and Mrs. I. J. Wistar, Dr. and Mrs. Owen J. Wistar, Mrs. Rodman Wharton, Miss Susan Wharton, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wharton, Rev. Charles Wood, Mr. William Wharton, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. George Wood, Dr. Edward H. Williams, Miss Julia Wood, Mr. and Mrs. Talcott Williams, Miss Maria Willets, Miss Ida Wood, Dr. and Mrs. Horatio C. Wood, Dr. Welch, Mrs. Casper Wister, Professor Woodrow Wilson, Mr. J. C. Worthington.

Invitations were also sent to members of the Faculty of Columbia, Vassar, Wellesley, Smith, Mount Holyoke, Packer, Johns Hopkins, Harvard, University of Pennsylvania, Princeton and other prominent universities and colleges.

Owen J. Sweeney, residing at 2515 Pennsylvania avenue, while attempting to get on a car at the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Station last evening, fell and was dragged a short distance. He received cuts about the head, and was taken to the Jefferson Hospital,

May Dodd, Miss S. Marie Cavanaugh, Miss Viola St. Claire, Mr. Carl N. Martin, Mr. Robt. G. Dieck, Mr. J. P. Fenton, Miss Edna Leach, Mr. A. Guy Reber, Mr. Gustavus Sickels.

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Harry H. Reed, 31 years, 4642 Pulaski avenue, Germantown, knee fractured.

David Kelly, 53 years, 1505 Carpenter street, knee contused.

John Martil, 25 years, 714 South Seventh street, toes crushed.

Michael Cohen, 24 years, 406 Green street, fingers burned.

Laura Anderson, 17 years, 420 Radcliff street, head lacerated.

Polyclinic—Mrs. Sarah Stewart, 62 years, 1031 Clements street, arm fractured.

Mary Tittemeir, 45 years, 221 Square street, arm fractured.

Anne McEamill, 54 years, 2021 Kimball street, arm fractured.

Patrick Burns, 40 years, 2223 Kimball street, shoulder contused.

Anna Brownside, 50 years, 2031 Summer street, hand lacerated.

Anne Hamilton, 13 years, 2547 Eagleson street, arm contused.

Mary Donahue, 46 years, 2614 Federal street, wrist sprained.

John O'Brien, 33 years, 1238 Pathon street, wrist incised.

Mary Christy, 33 years, 2136 Lombard street, arm contused.

Presbyterian—Edward M. Smith, 70 years, Naval Home, face lacerated.

Harry McLane, 17 years, 4919 Paschal avenue, hand lacerated.

Herman Evenson, 14 years, 4313 Fairmount avenue, lip punctured.

Hugh O'Connell, 45 years, 3880

street, scalp lacerated.

German—William Scott, 52 years, 2513 North Twenty-seventh street, eye lacerated.

Frank Scheerer, 45 years, 806 Thompson street, hand lacerated.

Albert Halberstade, 18 years, 2035 Turner street, hand lacerated.

Frank Klensk, 15 years, 914 Stanner street, hand lacerated.

Jane Buchanan, 34 years, Glasgow, Scotland, shoulder fractured.

Episcopal—Patrick Caul, 27 years, 2746 William street, fingers lacerated.

Frederick Stratemas, 72 years, 1942 Howard street, chin lacerated.

Dennis McGuness, 13 years, Hartville street and Indiana avenue, fingers amputated.

Andrew Dixon, 8 years, 2832 Kensington avenue, eye lacerated.

George Wolf, 23 years, Sixth and Somerset streets, back contused.

John McCauly, 11 months, 2019 North Second street, arms burned.

Hahnemann—Joseph Johnson, 15 years, 4200 Hillart street, leg contused.

Francis Davics, 26 years, 3408 Reese street, hand lacerated.

James Forbes, 80 years, 263 South Second street, head lacerated.

Thomas Burns, 27 years, 232 Christian street, knee sprained.

Joseph Morgan, 52 years, 1836 South Twelfth street, hand sprained.

Owen Donnelly, 22 years, 458 Hart lane, hand lacerated.

St. Mary's—John Bethwell, 29 years, 2203 Susquehanna avenue, leg contused.

Augustus Oldsman, 26 years, 494 Richmond street, scalp lacerated.

John Nachen, 17 years, 26 Columbia avenue, arm crushed.

Howard—Thomas Ryan, 37 years, 993 Ellsworth street, shoulder contused.

Bernard Bradley, 21 years, 1341 Clarion street, scalp lacerated.

Louis Chetty, 15 years, 609 Fitzwater street, gunshot wound of hand.

Thomas Ford, 24 years, 1211 Ellsworth street, gunshot wound of hand.

James Sleam, 15 years, 1324 Pritchard street, lip lacerated.

Medico-Chirurgical—J. P. Tobin, 32 years, 1614 Eliza street, concussion of spine.

William Wrigley, 18 years, 2129 Reed street, ankle contused and lacerated.

John Gallagher, 36 years, 650 North Seventeenth street, eye lacerated and forehead contused.

T. D. Millikin, 44 years, Huntingdon, county, Pa., hand lacerated.

David McKenney, 28 years, 1021 Market street, neck contused.